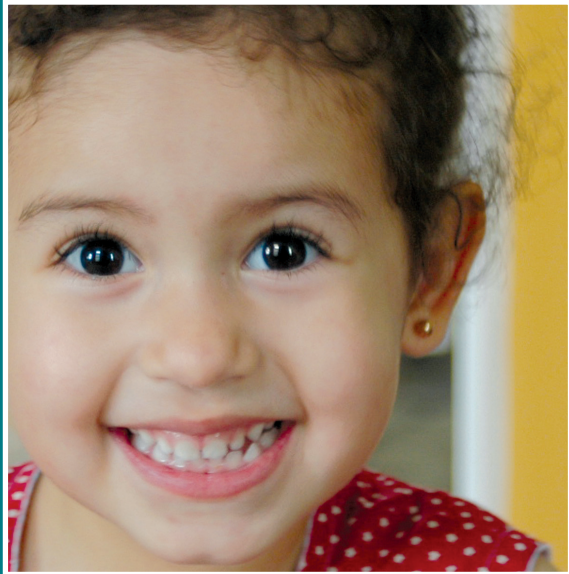


KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico 2010 Data Book



The National Council of La Raza (NCLR)—the largest national Hispanic civil rights and advocacy organization in the United States—works to improve opportunities for Hispanic Americans. Through its network of nearly 300 affiliated community-based organizations (CBOs), NCLR reaches millions of Hispanics each year in 41 states, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia. To achieve its mission, NCLR conducts applied research, policy analysis, and advocacy, providing a Latino perspective in five key areas—assets/ investments, civil rights/immigration, education, employment and economic status, and health. In addition, it provides capacity-building assistance to its Affiliates who work at the state and local level to advance opportunities for individuals and families.

Founded in 1968, NCLR is a private, nonprofit, nonpartisan, tax-exempt organization headquartered in Washington, DC. NCLR serves all Hispanic subgroups in all regions of the country and has operations in Atlanta, Chicago, Long Beach, Los Angeles, New York, Phoenix, Sacramento, San Antonio, and San Juan, Puerto Rico.

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KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico 2010 Data Book

By Nayda Rivera-Hernández and Verónica Andino-Ortiz

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Acknowledgments

The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* is an effort to collect and analyze child-focused data every year with the purpose of improving the well-being of Puerto Rico's youth. The book was prepared by staff of the National Council of La Raza (NCLR). The principal authors were Nayda I. Rivera-Hernández, Senior Research Analyst, and Verónica L. Andino-Ortiz, Research Intern.

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KIDS COUNT is a nationwide program of the Annie E. Casey Foundation. The foundation produces a national data book each year, detailing the condition of America's children. It also sponsors KIDS COUNT programs in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Permission to copy, reprint, or otherwise distribute KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico data is granted as long as proper acknowledgment is given. We suggest citing this publication as:

Rivera-Hernández, Nayda, and Verónica Andino-Ortiz. *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book*. Washington, DC: National Council of La Raza, 2011.

Dear Friends:

I am pleased to present the *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book*, the third annual profile on children and youth in Puerto Rico. This data book is important for several reasons.

First, almost one in every three residents of Puerto Rico is under age 18. Having a clear picture of the status of children and youth in Puerto Rico will allow stakeholders to develop the right responses to ensure that these children, who represent Puerto Rico's future, are prepared for success. The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* provides a statistical portrait of the status of children and youth on the island. It helps to build the foundation for understanding an important and all too often disadvantaged segment of Puerto Rico's population. Children and youth don't always get the attention they deserve from research or public policy, and there is still a continued need for high-quality, accurate data gathering and analysis. This data book contributes to filling this information gap with new knowledge and continues to build the groundwork for additional research and in-depth studies.

Second, the data book provides comparable *municipio*-level information rarely available for Puerto Rico's 78 *municipios*. Such information is important during these difficult economic times, as communities review their progress and consider how to balance limited resources and competing priorities. Communities at the *municipio* level do matter, and the actions of community leaders, parents, individuals, businesses, government leaders, and elected officials greatly influence the challenges children face and their chances for success.

Third, I believe that quality data will be critical during these difficult times. Fifteen indicators of well-being are included that I hope will facilitate policy development, planning, and greater accountability across the health, education, and socioeconomic systems in Puerto Rico. We must understand that these seemingly abstract figures in fact represent individual children's lives. This book challenges all of us—policymakers, foundations, nonprofits, community groups, and the private sector—to take a fact-based look at children and youth in Puerto Rico and ask what we can do to improve our future. What can be done differently? How do we pool our talents, resources, and expertise to reduce poverty, expand opportunity, and increase safety for teenagers in measurable ways?

The issues outlined in this data book parallel those of the Puerto Rican and other Latino children in other U.S. jurisdictions. My hope is that this data book stimulates discussion, promotes information exchange, and influences decision-making in ways that help ensure that children and youth become a top priority for all Americans who want a brighter future.

Sincerely,



Janet Murguía
President and CEO
National Council of La Raza

About the KIDS COUNT Initiative

KIDS COUNT is a national and state-by-state project of the Annie E. Casey Foundation to track the status of children in the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. At the national level, the principal activity of the initiative is the publication of the annual KIDS COUNT Data Book, which uses the best available data to measure the educational, social, economic, and physical well-being of children state by state. The foundation also funds a national network of state-level KIDS COUNT projects that provide a more detailed, county-by-county picture of the condition of children. The first national KIDS COUNT Data Book was published in 1990.

By providing policymakers and citizens with benchmarks of child well-being, KIDS COUNT seeks to enrich local, state, and national discussions of ways to secure better futures for all children. It is intended to gauge the seriousness of the problems facing children and guide the policy trends and goals on behalf of children. Put simply, KIDS COUNT exists to measure child outcomes and contribute to public accountability for those outcomes, resulting in a model for data-driven advocacy for children, their families, and their communities.

The national and state-level reports have received extensive media coverage and provided grist for a broad range of editorial opinions on improving the lives of children. In many states, KIDS COUNT has been the catalyst for public and private initiatives to improve children's lives. The Annie E. Casey Foundation believes that the more the public knows about the needs and problems of coming generations, the more likely we are to find the resolve, the resources, and the strategies for effectively addressing them.

The state-level KIDS COUNT projects raise public awareness and accountability for the condition of kids and families by 1) measuring and reporting on the status of children and 2) using that information creatively to inform public debate and strengthen public action on behalf of children and families within the state. To that end, KIDS COUNT grantees engage in a wide variety of public awareness activities, including the annual publication of data-driven products that examine the status of children and families in their state.

KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico

The KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico project is part of the KIDS COUNT network, supported in part and coordinated by the Annie E. Casey Foundation. The National Council of La Raza serves as the state-level KIDS COUNT grantee for Puerto Rico. As part of the KIDS COUNT network, the KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico project, established in 2002, is an effort to address the information gap in order to improve the health, safety, education, economic security, and development of Puerto Rico's children.

There is an urgent need in Puerto Rico to develop a common set of measurable and integrated facts and figures about the current status of our children. By providing policymakers and citizens with benchmarks of child well-being, KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico seeks to enrich local and national discussions on how to secure better futures for all our children. KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico strives to improve programs and policies for children and families by collecting and reporting credible data and promoting the use of data-based advocacy and communications strategies through releasing periodic reports, issuing an annual data book regarding the well-being of children and families in Puerto Rico, and providing other resources available on our website.

KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico seeks to accomplish the following:

1. Provide independent, credible, comprehensive information on Puerto Rico's children.
2. Provide information and strategies on “what works” and promote best practices that will improve indicators of child well-being.
3. Stimulate dialogue on children's issues and bring individuals and organizations together to develop strategies and solutions to improve children's lives.
4. Promote information-based advocacy efforts to influence public policies and programs for the improvement of children's lives.
5. Facilitate the sharing of a common vision of the future of Puerto Rico's children.

KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Indicators

The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* provides the most current, accurate information available about the well-being of children in Puerto Rico for the island as a whole and within each of its 78 *municipios*. It contains updated comparison data for 15 indicators in four categories: demography, health, education, and socioeconomic well-being. The indicators are:

- Estimated population under 18
- Percent of low-birth-weight babies
- Percent of preterm births
- Percent of cesarean births
- Infant mortality rate
- Child death rate
- Teen death rate
- Teen birth rate
- Percent of teens who are high school dropouts
- Percent of teens not attending school and not working
- Percent of children in poverty
- Percent of children who received public assistance
- Median family income
- Percent of children in single-parent families
- Percent of children in female-headed households

Nine of these indicators are part of the KIDS COUNT National Key Indicators of child well-being and have been noted as such in the Methodology, Definitions, and Data Sources section of this book.

In addition to the 15 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico indicators measured at the commonwealth level, the data book contains a profile page for each individual *municipio* that provides data on these indicators at the *municipio* level. The individual *municipio* fact sheets are available at kidscount.nclr.org.

The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* is a book of numbers and statistics, but more importantly, each of those numbers and statistics represents faces and places in Puerto Rico. The data book utilizes numbers, rates, and percentages to compare *municipios* to each other and assess changes over time within a *municipio*. Nevertheless, these data underscore the fact that hundreds of children die every year, and thousands are at risk of not reaching their maximum potential because of poverty, family structure, lack of parental employment, or risky behavior. Similar data showing the numbers behind the rates are also offered at the KIDS COUNT Data Center.

How to Use This Book

The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* contains the most current information available at the time of publication. It is designed for use by organizations, communities, citizens, and government officials and for presentations, grant writing, research, education, advocacy, and policy development. Every effort is made to ensure that the data are accurate. If KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico is made aware that an error has been made in the data book, an errata notification will be published.

Please visit our website at kidscount.nclr.org to locate an electronic copy of this data book, *municipio* fact sheets, previous KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico publications, and other resources free of charge. KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico staff are available to present KIDS COUNT information to groups and agencies.

Permission to copy, reprint, or otherwise distribute KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico data is granted as long as proper acknowledgment is given. We suggest citing this publication as:

Rivera-Hernández, Nayda, and Verónica Andino-Ortiz. *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book*. Washington, DC: National Council of La Raza, 2011.

KIDS COUNT Data Center

The KIDS COUNT Data Center provides easy online access to data on children and youth for U.S. states and hundreds of cities, counties, and school districts across the country. The Data Center includes the following features:

- A wide range of child well-being indicators grouped by categories: demographics, economic well-being, education, family and community, health, and safety and risky behaviors
- Customizable maps, trend lines, and charts for use in presentations and publications
- Rankings of states, cities, and other geographies for any indicator
- Maps and graphs with real-time data to feature on your own website or blog
- Data for large racial and ethnic groups and children in immigrant families on topics such as child poverty and parental employment
- Links to research and recommendations on best practices to improve outcomes

Access the Data Center at datacenter.kidscount.org. Permission to copy, reprint, or otherwise distribute KIDS COUNT data is granted as long as proper acknowledgement is given. For example:

The Annie E. Casey Foundation, “Children Under 18 Years Below Poverty Level in the Past 12 Months (Percent),” KIDS COUNT Data Center, Arizona, <http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/bystate/stateprofile.aspx?state=AZ&group=Featured&loc=4#193> (accessed September 1, 2010).

Be sure to include a precise URL and access date.

Puerto Rico Compared to the United States

The data on the following pages present a rich but complex picture of children in Puerto Rico. Some dimensions of well-being improved, some worsened, and some showed little change over time. Since 2007, data on child well-being for children living on the island of Puerto Rico have been included in the Annie E. Casey Foundation *KIDS COUNT National Data Book*. The data for Puerto Rico comes from the same data sources as the information included for the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Puerto Rico is not included in the state rankings, as comparisons with states are not meaningful on many indicators due to the jurisdiction’s definitions.

Key findings on Puerto Rico’s children from the *2010 KIDS COUNT National Data Book* include:

- In nine out of the ten key measures for child well-being, children in Puerto Rico face higher levels of risk overall than the average U.S. child.
- The child poverty rate for Puerto Rico (56%) is more than three times the level in the U.S. as a whole (18%), while more than half (51%) of children live in families where no parent has full-time, year-round employment, nearly twice the national rate (27%).
- The infant mortality rate in Puerto Rico (8.4 deaths per 1,000 live births) has improved since 2000.
- Babies born to teen mothers in Puerto Rico (57 births per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19) decreased 21% between 2000 and 2007.

For more information on the *2010 KIDS COUNT National Data Book*, please visit www.kidscount.org.

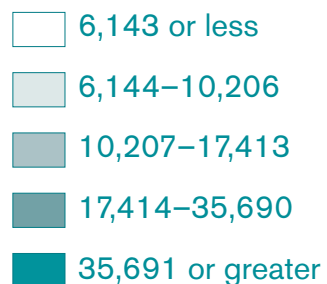
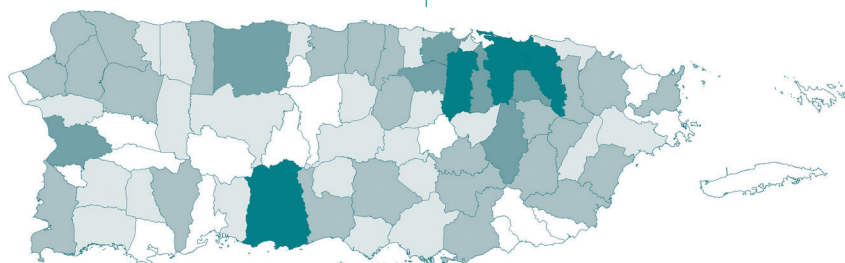
Summary and Findings

Estimated Population Under 18, 2007

The future of Puerto Rico depends on the degree to which we ensure that all of our children and youth have the best conditions to reach their maximum potential. The estimated population under 18 is the total number of people under age 18 living in Puerto Rico's 78 *municipios*.

- According to the U.S. Census Bureau's Population Division, in 2007 there were 1,002,044 people under the age of 18 living in Puerto Rico, representing 25% of the island's total population.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the percent of children and youth under age 18 decreased from 26% to 25%.
- Culebra is the *municipio* with the lowest population under age 18 with 500 and San Juan has the largest population under age 18 with 96,034.

Estimated Population Under Age 18, 2007



Municipio	Number
Culebra	500
Maricao	1,650
Vieques	2,370
Las Marías	2,983
Maunabo	3,251
Rincón	3,719
Hormigueros	3,775
Florida	4,296
Ceiba	4,509
Adjuntas	4,929
Patillas	5,046
Comerio	5,125
Arroyo	5,163
Jayuya	5,183
Luquillo	5,460
Ciales	5,790
Guánica	5,954
Guayanilla	6,143
Naguabo	6,434
Barceloneta	6,525
Lajas	6,756
Santa Isabel	6,994
Aibonito	7,052
Sabana Grande	7,071
Orocovis	7,141
Cataño	7,332

Municipio	Number
Quebradillas	7,363
Añasco	7,436
Aguas Buenas	7,945
Naranjito	8,131
Villalba	8,547
Peñuelas	8,575
San Germán	8,710
Barranquitas	8,912
Utua	8,990
Salinas	9,100
Lares	9,407
Dorado	9,803
Loíza	9,934
Morovis	9,977
Camuy	10,114
Las Piedras	10,206
Corozal	10,560
Yabucoa	10,719
Vega Alta	10,866
Coamo	11,069
Fajardo	11,104
Hatillo	11,240
Juncos	11,339
Aguada	11,444
San Lorenzo	11,459
Gurabo	11,606

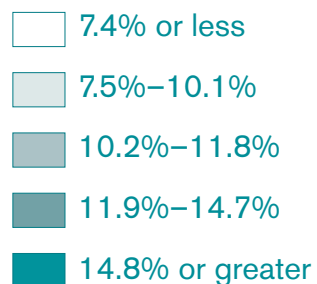
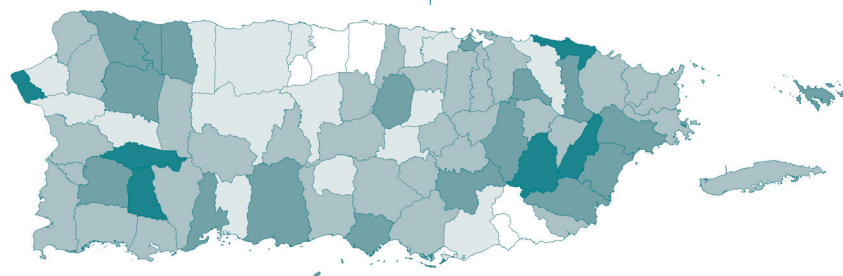
Municipio	Number
San Sebastián	11,608
Isabela	11,812
Moca	11,879
Yauco	12,002
Guayama	12,034
Cayey	12,050
Cabo Rojo	12,640
Cidra	12,647
Manatí	12,907
Canóvanas	13,564
Río Grande	15,103
Juana Díaz	15,183
Humacao	15,253
Aguadilla	16,178
Vega Baja	17,413
Mayagüez	20,725
Trujillo Alto	21,940
Toa Alta	22,781
Guaynabo	23,425
Arecibo	24,358
Toa Baja	24,862
Caguas	35,690
Carolina	45,225
Ponce	45,777
Bayamón	53,247
San Juan	96,034

Percent of Low-Birth-Weight Babies, 2007

A baby's birth weight is a key indicator of newborn health. Babies weighing less than 2,500 grams (about 5.5 pounds) at birth have a high probability of experiencing serious physical and developmental problems and are at greater risk for long-term cognitive problems and poor school performance. Low-birth-weight infants are at greater risk of dying within the first year of life and experiencing both short- and long-term disabilities than those with a higher birth weight.

- There were 5,667 babies born in Puerto Rico weighing less than 2,500 grams in 2007. Low-birth-weight babies constituted 11.0% of all live births in 2007 while they constituted 13.0% in 2006.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the percent of low-birth-weight babies worsened in 13 *municipios*.
- In 2007, Patillas was the *municipio* with the lowest percent of low-birth-weight babies with 5.9% and Maricao had the greatest with 19.2%.
- Of the 5,667 low-birth-weight babies born in 2007, 734 were very low-birth-weight (less than 1,500 grams, or 3.25 pounds).

Percent of Low-Birth-Weight Babies, 2007



Municipio	Percent
Patillas	5.9%
Florida	6.5%
Arroyo	6.8%
Manatí	7.2%
Vega Baja	7.4%
Utua	8.4%
Guayama	8.7%
Hatillo	8.7%
Barceloneta	9.0%
Naranjito	9.1%
Barranquitas	9.1%
Peñuelas	9.1%
Toa Baja	9.3%
Carolina	9.3%
Arecibo	9.4%
Dorado	9.6%
Ciales	9.7%
Las Marías	9.7%
Villalba	9.8%
Aguada	9.9%
Añasco	10.1%
Bayamón	10.2%
Salinas	10.3%
Guaynabo	10.3%
Maunabo	10.3%
Lajas	10.4%

Municipio	Percent
San Juan	10.5%
Hormigueros	10.6%
Morovis	10.6%
Juncos	10.7%
Vega Alta	10.7%
Toa Alta	10.7%
Río Grande	10.7%
Moca	10.7%
Aibonito	10.7%
Aguadilla	10.8%
Luquillo	10.8%
Aguas Buenas	10.8%
Cabo Rojo	10.9%
Orocovis	10.9%
Guánica	11.0%
Adjuntas	11.0%
Cidra	11.0%
Fajardo	11.0%
Yauco	11.1%
Comerio	11.1%
Lares	11.1%
Coamo	11.2%
Vieques	11.2%
Mayagüez	11.3%
Ceiba	11.5%
Gurabo	11.6%

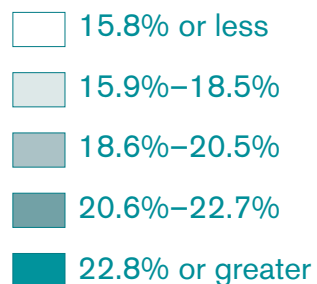
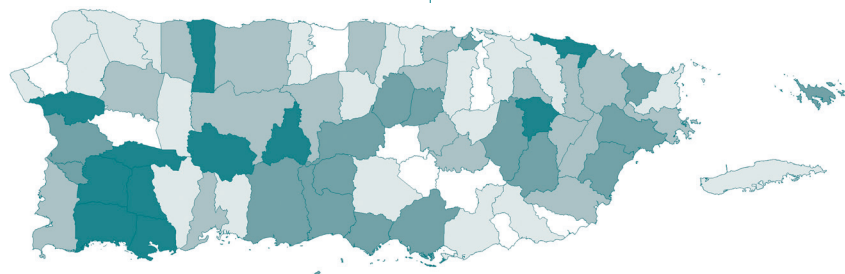
Municipio	Percent
Jayuya	11.7%
Juana Díaz	11.8%
Quebradillas	12.0%
Naguabo	12.1%
Trujillo Alto	12.1%
Yabucoa	12.1%
Canóvanas	12.6%
Caguas	12.6%
Humacao	12.9%
Ponce	13.0%
Camuy	13.0%
Cayey	13.0%
San Sebastián	13.1%
Guayanilla	13.1%
San Germán	13.1%
Cataño	13.6%
Isabela	13.6%
Culebra	13.6%
Corozal	13.9%
Santa Isabel	14.7%
Sabana Grande	15.2%
Rincón	15.6%
Las Piedras	16.1%
San Lorenzo	16.4%
Loíza	17.3%
Maricao	19.2%

Percent of Preterm Births, 2007

The length of gestation is one of the most important predictors of infant and child health. Preterm birth—being born before 37 weeks of gestation—is a major determinant of infant mortality and the leading cause of death among newborns during the first month of life. Infants born before 37 weeks of pregnancy are at higher risk for hospitalization and long-term health problems than infants born full-term. Preschool and school-age children who are born preterm can also experience learning difficulties and behavioral problems later in life.

- In 2007, there were 9,051 preterm births in Puerto Rico. This represents 19.5% of all births.
- Compared to data from 2006, the percent of preterm births decreased from 19.9% to 19.5% in 2007.
- Maunabo is the *municipio* with the lowest percent of preterm births with 13.1% and Sabana Grande presents the highest with 29.4%.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the preterm birth rate improved in 47 *municipios* and deteriorated in 31 *municipios*.

Percent of Preterm Births, 2007



Municipio	Percent
Maunabo	13.1%
Arroyo	13.3%
Las Marías	13.6%
Barranquitas	14.5%
Aguada	14.8%
Aibonito	14.9%
Cayey	15.1%
Manatí	15.7%
Guaynabo	15.8%
Vega Alta	16.4%
Isabela	16.8%
Patillas	16.9%
Moca	17.1%
Lares	17.2%
Guayama	17.2%
Aguadilla	17.2%
Vieques	17.2%
Barceloneta	17.4%
Aguas Buenas	17.4%
Peñuelas	17.6%
Yauco	17.8%
Quebradillas	17.9%
Morovis	18.0%
Dorado	18.0%
Carolina	18.1%
Fajardo	18.2%

Municipio	Percent
Coamo	18.2%
Bayamón	18.2%
San Juan	18.3%
Rincón	18.3%
Florida	18.5%
Ceiba	18.7%
Cabo Rojo	18.8%
Toa Alta	19.0%
Arecibo	19.0%
Toa Baja	19.1%
Cidra	19.1%
Comerio	19.3%
San Sebastián	19.3%
Vega Baja	19.4%
Utua	19.7%
Ciales	19.7%
Río Grande	19.9%
Juncos	20.0%
Camuy	20.1%
Trujillo Alto	20.1%
Guayanilla	20.1%
Las Piedras	20.2%
Yabucoa	20.3%
Canóvanas	20.4%
Mayagüez	20.6%
San Lorenzo	20.6%

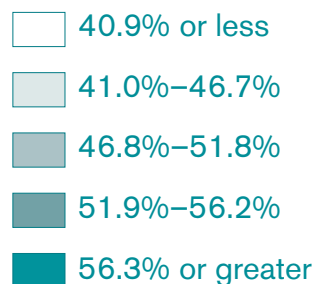
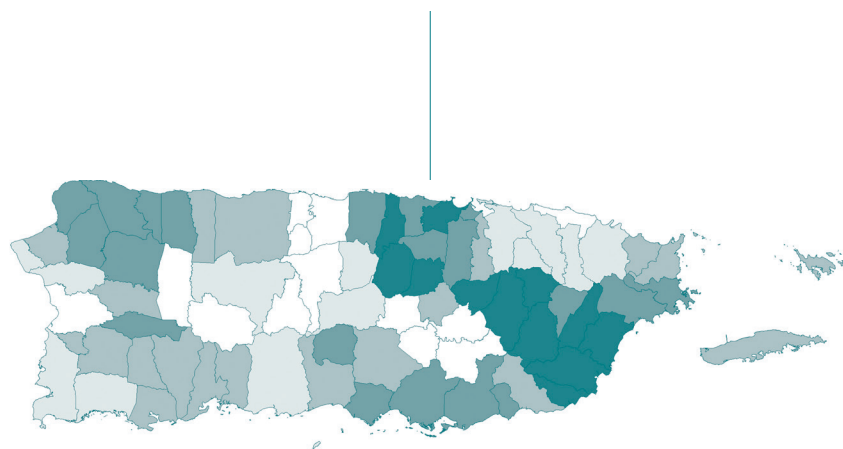
Municipio	Percent
Naguabo	20.7%
Naranjito	20.7%
Ponce	20.8%
Juana Díaz	20.9%
Villalba	21.0%
Hormigueros	21.2%
Santa Isabel	21.3%
Orocovis	21.5%
Caguas	21.6%
Luquillo	21.6%
Salinas	21.8%
Cataño	22.1%
Humacao	22.4%
Corozal	22.4%
Culebra	22.7%
Hatillo	23.4%
Loíza	23.5%
Añasco	23.6%
Adjuntas	23.6%
Lajas	23.8%
Jayuya	24.4%
Guánica	25.0%
Gurabo	25.5%
Maricao	26.0%
San Germán	28.0%
Sabana Grande	29.4%

Percent of Cesarean Births, 2007

According to March of Dimes and the Coalition for Improving Maternity Services, cesarean section is the most common major surgical procedure performed in the United States. The surgical procedure poses short- and long-term health risks to mothers and infants, and a scarred uterus poses risks to all future pregnancies and deliveries. Compared to babies born through vaginal birth, babies born through cesarean section are more likely to experience accidental surgical cuts, breathing problems, and being born late-preterm (34 to 36 weeks of pregnancy) as a result of scheduled surgery. They can also be affected by anesthesia or medications given to the mother and can be born inactive or sluggish. A cesarean section can be a life-saving operation, and some babies would not be born vaginally under any circumstances; however, it is still a major surgery.

- In 2007, there were 23,017 cesarean births in Puerto Rico. This represents 49.2% of all births.
- Compared to 2006, the percent of cesarean births in 2007 increased from 48.3% to 49.2%.
- The *municipio* with the lowest percent of cesarean births for 2007 is Adjuntas with 32.5% and Humacao presented the highest with 64.5%.

Percent of Cesarean Births, 2007



Municipio	Percent
Adjuntas	32.5%
Loíza	32.7%
Barranquitas	32.9%
Jayuya	36.6%
Aibonito	36.7%
Mayagüez	37.1%
Cidra	37.9%
Manatí	39.6%
Florida	39.9%
Lares	40.4%
Cayey	40.7%
Barceloneta	40.7%
Ciales	40.9%
Morovis	42.8%
San Juan	42.9%
Utuado	43.1%
Carolina	43.7%
Trujillo Alto	43.8%
Añasco	44.3%
Orocovis	44.4%
Canóvanas	44.7%
Ponce	44.8%
Rincón	45.2%
Cabo Rojo	45.6%
Lajas	46.6%
Río Grande	46.7%

Municipio	Percent
Guayanilla	47.3%
Hormigueros	47.5%
Guaynabo	47.5%
Coamo	48.0%
Juana Díaz	48.6%
Hatillo	48.8%
Comerio	48.9%
Luquillo	48.9%
Guánica	49.1%
Patillas	49.3%
Fajardo	49.5%
Sabana Grande	49.5%
Culebra	50.0%
Arecibo	50.1%
Yauco	50.6%
San Germán	50.7%
Aguada	51.4%
Las Marías	51.5%
Vieques	51.7%
Peñuelas	51.8%
Naguabo	52.3%
Aguadilla	52.3%
Bayamón	52.6%
Ceiba	52.7%
Vega Baja	52.8%
Quebradillas	52.9%

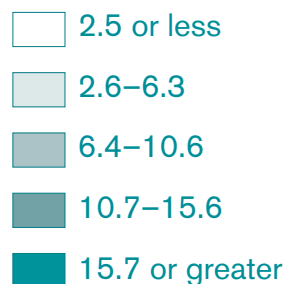
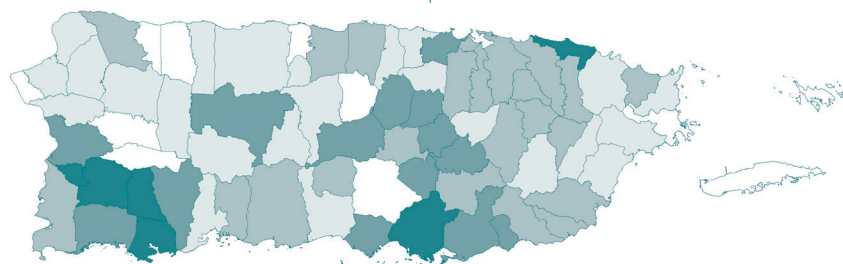
Municipio	Percent
Camuy	53.2%
Dorado	53.4%
Isabela	53.4%
Arroyo	54.0%
San Sebastián	54.0%
Moca	54.7%
Maricao	54.8%
Guayama	54.9%
Villalba	54.9%
Juncos	55.5%
Santa Isabel	55.6%
Toa Alta	55.9%
Cataño	56.0%
Salinas	56.2%
Gurabo	57.2%
Maunabo	57.2%
Toa Baja	57.4%
Vega Alta	57.6%
Aguas Buenas	58.4%
Corozal	59.3%
Caguas	61.1%
Yabucoa	61.5%
Las Piedras	62.1%
San Lorenzo	62.3%
Naranjito	62.4%
Humacao	64.5%

Infant Mortality Rate, 2007

Infant mortality is one of the most accurate measures of the quality of health in a society. It reflects access to and availability of medical care for infants and their mothers, as well as the quality of health care, housing, nutrition, and other factors that affect the health of infants. Since the first year of life is more precarious than later years, negative social conditions have a greater impact on newborns. The number of children who die before their first birthday is reflected in the Infant Mortality Rate, defined as the number of deaths for persons less than one year old per 1,000 live births during the year.

- During 2007, 387 infants under age one died in Puerto Rico—more than one infant each day. This represents 8.3 deaths per 1,000 live births.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the Infant Mortality Rate improved in 38 *municipios*, deteriorated in 38 *municipios*, and remained the same in two *municipios*, Culebra and San Sebastián.
- The Infant Mortality Rate in 2007 ranged from a low rate of 1.8 in Coamo to a high rate of 22.7 in Sabana Grande.

Infant Mortality Rate, 2007



Municipio	Rate
Barceloneta	0.0
Ceiba	0.0
Culebra	0.0
Las Marías	0.0
Maricao	0.0
Quebradillas	0.0
Rincón	0.0
Vieques	0.0
Coamo	1.8
Morovis	2.1
Camuy	2.5
Arecibo	2.7
Naguabo	2.9
Lares	3.0
Añasco	3.1
Guayanilla	3.5
Dorado	3.6
San Sebastián	3.7
Ciales	3.7
Moca	4.0
San Lorenzo	4.0
Fajardo	4.1
Vega Alta	4.1
Las Piedras	4.1
Adjuntas	4.2
Aguada	4.4

Municipio	Rate
Jayuya	4.7
Aguadilla	5.3
Aguas Buenas	5.7
Toa Alta	5.8
Hatillo	5.8
Florida	6.0
Juana Díaz	6.1
Río Grande	6.3
Humacao	6.3
Cabo Rojo	6.5
Yabucoa	6.5
Maunabo	6.9
Carolina	6.9
Guaynabo	7.0
Barranquitas	7.0
Vega Baja	7.2
Gurabo	7.5
Villalba	7.8
Cayey	8.1
Trujillo Alto	8.5
Luquillo	8.7
Bayamón	8.7
Peñuelas	8.8
Canóvanas	9.0
Ponce	9.0
Patillas	9.1

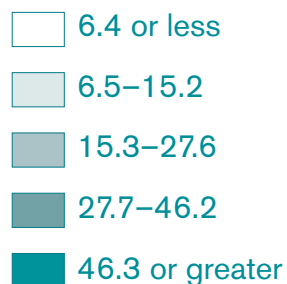
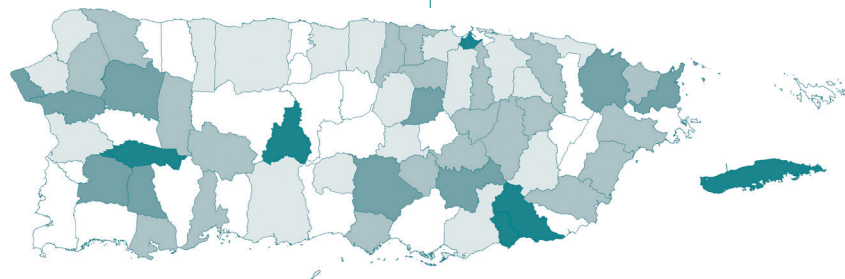
Municipio	Rate
San Juan	9.2
Juncos	9.3
Isabela	9.4
Cataño	10.1
Manatí	10.2
Caguas	10.6
Toa Baja	11.4
Arroyo	11.4
Aibonito	11.9
Mayagüez	12.0
Yauco	12.7
Naranjito	13.0
Lajas	13.4
Utua	13.5
Corozal	13.9
Cidra	14.4
Orocovis	14.5
Comerio	14.8
Guayama	15.3
Santa Isabel	15.6
Salinas	16.7
Hormigueros	16.8
San Germán	17.3
Loíza	19.6
Guánica	21.9
Sabana Grande	22.7

Child Death Rate, 2007

The Child Death Rate is defined as the number of deaths per 100,000 children between the ages of one and 14. The death of a child is a calamity that can often be prevented. The Child Death Rate captures not only the health of children but also the risks they face and how well the community protects them from those risks.

- During 2007, 119 children between the ages of one and 14 died in Puerto Rico. This represents a rate of 15.4 deaths per 100,000 children in that age range.
- The Child Death Rate in Puerto Rico decreased 29% between 2000 and 2007.
- Of the *municipios* that reported deaths of children between one and 14 years old, the Child Death Rate decreased in 23 *municipios* and increased in 43 *municipios* from 2006 to 2007.
- The Child Death Rate by *municipio* in 2007 ranged from 6.5 in Mayagüez to 79.3 in Maricao.

Child Death Rate, 2007



Municipio	Rate
Barceloneta	0.0
Cabo Rojo	0.0
Camuy	0.0
Canóvanas	0.0
Ceiba	0.0
Ciales	0.0
Comerio	0.0
Culebra	0.0
Florida	0.0
Hormigueros	0.0
Juana Díaz	0.0
Juncos	0.0
Lajas	0.0
Las Marías	0.0
Las Piedras	0.0
Maunabo	0.0
Morovis	0.0
Orocovis	0.0
Peñuelas	0.0
Quebradillas	0.0
Salinas	0.0
Utua	0.0
Yauco	0.0
Mayagüez	6.5
Vega Baja	7.4
Aguadilla	8.0

Municipio	Rate
Bayamón	9.8
Manatí	10.0
Toa Baja	10.2
Guayama	10.7
Arecibo	10.7
Aguada	11.2
San Lorenzo	11.2
Hatillo	11.4
Ponce	11.5
Trujillo Alto	11.6
Corozal	12.5
Loíza	13.0
San Juan	13.5
Barranquitas	15.1
Villalba	15.2
Agua Buenas	16.1
Toa Alta	16.5
Guaynabo	16.7
Carolina	17.0
Humacao	17.3
Santa Isabel	18.2
Aibonito	18.8
Cidra	20.3
Naguabo	20.3
Guayanilla	21.0
Moca	21.1

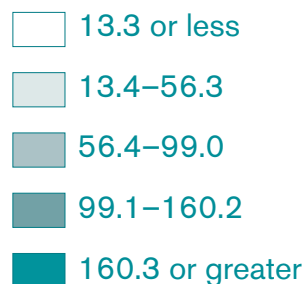
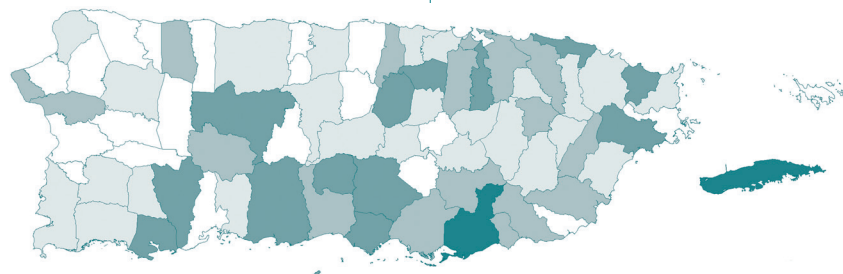
Municipio	Rate
Guánica	21.5
Caguas	21.7
Gurabo	21.9
Isabela	21.9
Luquillo	23.4
Vega Alta	23.7
Yabucoa	23.9
Dorado	26.1
Adjuntas	26.6
Lares	27.6
San Germán	30.1
Naranjito	32.4
Cayey	32.7
San Sebastián	33.2
Río Grande	34.1
Rincón	34.5
Añasco	34.6
Coamo	34.8
Sabana Grande	36.0
Fajardo	46.2
Arroyo	50.7
Patillas	52.3
Cataño	53.2
Vieques	55.3
Jayuya	74.5
Maricao	79.3

Teen Death Rate, 2007

Risk behaviors and emotional health impact teens' health and safety. Factors such as substance abuse, violence, self-esteem, and mental health can be threats to adolescents' development. As people move into their middle and late teenage years, they encounter many new risks that can cost them their lives. The Teen Death Rate reflects deaths among 15- to 19-year-olds per 100,000 teens in this age group from all causes.

- During 2007, 201 adolescents ages 15 to 19 died in Puerto Rico. This represents a rate of 67.5 per 100,000 adolescents in the same age range.
- The Teen Death Rate inched downward from 86 deaths per 100,000 teens in 2000 to 67.5 deaths in 2007.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the Teen Death Rate declined in 41 *municipios*, increased in 28 *municipios*, and remained unchanged in nine.
- Among the *municipios*, the Teen Death Rate in 2007 ranged from a low of 13.3 in Mayagüez to a high of 290.7 in Vieques.

Teen Death Rate, 2007



Municipio	Rate
Aguada	0.0
Aibonito	0.0
Barceloneta	0.0
Ceiba	0.0
Comerio	0.0
Culebra	0.0
Florida	0.0
Guayanilla	0.0
Hatillo	0.0
Hormigueros	0.0
Isabela	0.0
Jayuya	0.0
Lares	0.0
Las Marías	0.0
Maricao	0.0
Maunabo	0.0
Moca	0.0
Morovis	0.0
Quebradillas	0.0
Vega Baja	0.0
Mayagüez	13.3
Manatí	26.6
Arecibo	26.7
San Sebastián	29.8
San Lorenzo	30.2
Fajardo	32.1

Municipio	Rate
Juncos	33.1
Barranquitas	34.3
San Germán	36.8
Peñuelas	37.2
Dorado	38.9
Naranjito	38.9
Aguadilla	41.2
Humacao	42.7
Agua Buenas	43.5
Orocovis	45.1
Río Grande	45.8
Trujillo Alto	47.2
Caguas	49.4
Canóvanas	50.3
Sabana Grande	51.4
Lajas	52.1
Cidra	53.1
Toa Baja	55.9
Ciales	56.0
Cabo Rojo	56.3
Patillas	63.3
Vega Alta	63.9
Adjuntas	64.0
Yabucoa	66.2
Camuy	67.2
Arroyo	67.4

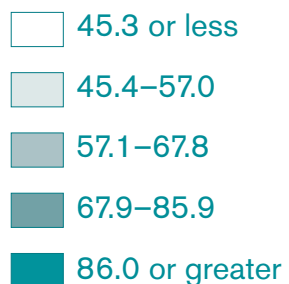
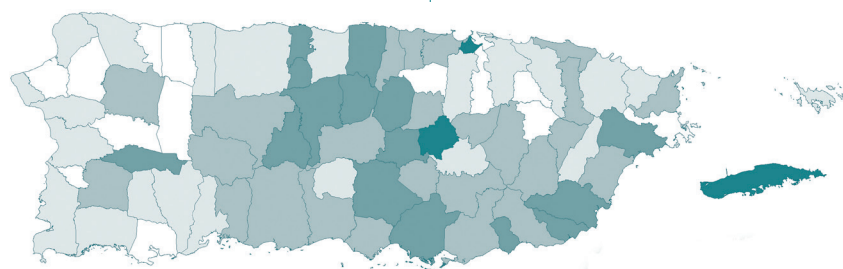
Municipio	Rate
Juana Díaz	68.4
Bayamón	73.9
Salinas	78.6
Cayey	82.0
Carolina	83.8
Cataño	90.4
Añasco	92.2
Gurabo	93.5
Rincón	94.9
San Juan	97.6
Las Piedras	99.0
Utua	105.3
Yauco	107.6
Naguabo	108.8
Santa Isabel	109.8
Guánica	113.1
Villalba	113.4
Guaynabo	128.8
Luquillo	132.0
Ponce	132.9
Toa Alta	140.9
Coamo	151.6
Corozal	152.4
Loíza	160.2
Guayama	202.7
Vieques	290.7

Teen Birth Rate, 2007

Teenage pregnancy and parenting can be a long-term threat to the development of both the adolescent mother and the child. Babies born to teen mothers are at higher risk of having a low birth weight and being born preterm. They are also far more likely to be born into families with limited educational and economic resources.

- During 2007, there were 8,313 babies born to females ages 15 to 19 in Puerto Rico. This represents a rate of 56.9 per 1,000 females in the same age range.
- Compared to 2006, the Teen Birth Rate in 2007 decreased from 58.0 to 56.9 births per 1,000 female ages 15 to 19.
- Between 2006 and 2007, the Teen Birth Rate decreased in 39 *municipios* and increased in 39 *municipios*.
- The Teen Birth Rate by *municipio* in 2007 ranged from 28.7 in Lares to 114.4 in Vieques.

Teen Birth Rate, 2007



Municipio	Rate
Lares	28.7
Aguada	34.9
Quebradillas	36.1
Trujillo Alto	38.3
Hormigueros	38.3
Guánica	39.8
Las Marías	40.4
Ceiba	42.0
Toa Alta	42.3
Gurabo	43.3
Guaynabo	44.5
Camuy	44.7
Moca	45.3
Bayamón	47.8
Guayanilla	48.0
Río Grande	48.5
Añasco	48.9
Carolina	49.9
Yauco	50.5
Culebra	50.8
Hatillo	51.4
Cabo Rojo	51.6
Rincón	51.7
Arecibo	51.9
Villalba	52.1
Aguadilla	52.6

Municipio	Rate
Mayagüez	53.8
Sabana Grande	54.0
Las Piedras	54.2
Cidra	54.5
Isabela	54.9
Lajas	55.5
Manatí	55.6
Luquillo	56.1
San Juan	57.0
Loíza	57.5
Toa Baja	58.0
San Lorenzo	58.5
San Sebastián	58.7
Adjuntas	58.9
Humacao	59.4
Ponce	59.4
San Germán	59.7
Juana Díaz	60.1
Vega Alta	61.1
Dorado	61.4
Cayey	61.9
Juncos	62.7
Aguas Buenas	62.9
Caguas	63.3
Utua	63.4
Orocovis	63.5

Municipio	Rate
Aibonito	63.6
Peñuelas	63.8
Naranjito	63.8
Fajardo	63.9
Guayama	64.2
Patillas	65.4
Santa Isabel	66.7
Canóvanas	67.8
Vega Baja	70.0
Yabucoa	70.3
Salinas	71.0
Corozal	71.3
Morovis	71.3
Barranquitas	73.2
Maricao	74.2
Coamo	74.4
Naguabo	76.3
Maunabo	76.8
Barceloneta	76.9
Florida	77.6
Jayuya	78.1
Arroyo	82.6
Ciales	85.9
Comerio	92.1
Cataño	96.7
Vieques	114.4

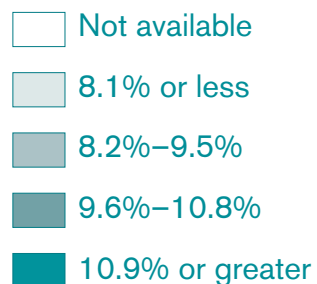
Percent of Teens Who Are High School Dropouts (Ages 16–19), 2006–2008*

As Puerto Rico moves further into the 21st century, advanced skills and technical knowledge will be required for a healthy economy. We have a responsibility to ensure that our future workforce can compete on a global scale. Graduating from high school is critical to obtaining postsecondary education and getting a good job. Adolescents who do not complete high school will find it difficult to achieve financial success in adulthood. Based on the American Community Survey, “High School Dropouts” refers to the number or share of teenagers ages 16 through 19 who are not enrolled in high school and have not graduated. Those who have earned general equivalency diplomas (GEDs) are considered graduates and are not counted as dropouts. This measure is known as a status dropout rate. While there may be other measures of high school dropouts, we use this measure, as it is comparable across other U.S. jurisdictions and over time.

- During 2006–2008, there was an average of 19,951 teens in Puerto Rico between the ages of 16 and 19 who were not in school and had not graduated from high school.
- Puerto Rico had an average of 8.41% of teens between the ages of 16 and 19 who were not in school and had not graduated from high school during 2006–2008, compared to 6.50% in the United States for the same time period.

* Most of the annual data from the American Community Survey are only available for a small number of *municipios* (with populations of 65,000 or more). To provide a larger number of *municipios* with comparable data, this report uses three-year estimated data for indicators resulting from this survey. Estimated data for 2006–2008 are available for geographical areas with populations of 20,000 or more.

Percent of Teens Who Are High School Dropouts (Ages 16–19), 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent
Río Grande	6.6%
Caguas	7.4%
Carolina	7.4%
Cayey	8.1%
Mayagüez	9.1%
San Juan	9.1%
Ponce	9.4%
Bayamón	9.5%
Toa Baja	10.3%
Arecibo	10.8%
San Lorenzo	12.6%
Humacao	13.3%
Adjuntas	n.a.
Aguada	n.a.
Aguadilla	n.a.
Aguas Buenas	n.a.
Aibonito	n.a.
Añasco	n.a.
Arroyo	n.a.
Barceloneta	n.a.
Barranquitas	n.a.
Cabo Rojo	n.a.
Camuy	n.a.
Canóvanas	n.a.
Cataño	n.a.
Ceiba	n.a.

Municipio	Percent
Ciales	n.a.
Cidra	n.a.
Coamo	n.a.
Comerío	n.a.
Corozal	n.a.
Culebra	n.a.
Dorado	n.a.
Fajardo	n.a.
Florida	n.a.
Guánica	n.a.
Guayama	n.a.
Guayanilla	n.a.
Guaynabo	n.a.
Gurabo	n.a.
Hatillo	n.a.
Hormigueros	n.a.
Isabela	n.a.
Jayuya	n.a.
Juana Díaz	n.a.
Juncos	n.a.
Lajas	n.a.
Lares	n.a.
Las Marías	n.a.
Las Piedras	n.a.
Loíza	n.a.
Luquillo	n.a.

Municipio	Percent
Manatí	n.a.
Maricao	n.a.
Maunabo	n.a.
Moca	n.a.
Morovis	n.a.
Naguabo	n.a.
Naranjito	n.a.
Orocovis	n.a.
Patillas	n.a.
Peñuelas	n.a.
Quebradillas	n.a.
Rincón	n.a.
Sabana Grande	n.a.
Salinas	n.a.
San Germán	n.a.
San Sebastián	n.a.
Santa Isabel	n.a.
Toa Alta	n.a.
Trujillo Alto	n.a.
Utua	n.a.
Vega Alta	n.a.
Vega Baja	n.a.
Vieques	n.a.
Villalba	n.a.
Yabucoa	n.a.
Yauco	n.a.

n.a. - Data not available

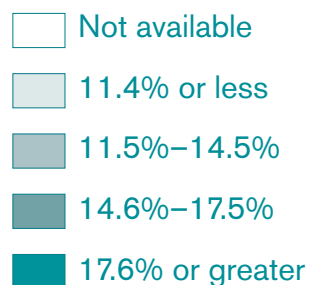
Percent of Teens Not Attending School and Not Working (Ages 16–19), 2006–2008*

Ensuring that all adolescents have the opportunity to make a successful transition to adulthood is essential to a healthy society. The Percent of Teens Not Attending School and Not Working (sometimes called “Idle Teens”) reflects young people ages 16 to 19 who are not engaged in either of the core activities that usually occupy people during this crucial period in their lives. School and work help teens acquire the skills and knowledge they need to become productive members of society and achieve economic success in adulthood.

- During 2006–2008, there was an average of 34,467 teens between the ages of 16 and 19 who were neither enrolled in school nor working in Puerto Rico.
- This represents 14.6% of teens in this age range, compared to 7.9% in the United States for the same time period.

* Most of the annual data from the American Community Survey are only available for a small number of *municipios* (with populations of 65,000 or more). To provide a larger number of *municipios* with comparable data, this report uses three-year estimated data for indicators resulting from this survey. Estimated data for 2006–2008 are available for geographical areas with populations of 20,000 or more.

Percent of Teens Not Attending School and Not Working (Ages 16–19), 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent
San Juan	10.9%
Mayagüez	11.0%
Carolina	11.4%
Bayamón	12.6%
Caguas	12.7%
Río Grande	14.1%
Cayey	14.2%
Ponce	15.1%
Arecibo	16.8%
Toa Baja	18.0%
San Lorenzo	19.7%
Humacao	21.1%
Adjuntas	n.a.
Aguada	n.a.
Aguadilla	n.a.
Aguas Buenas	n.a.
Aibonito	n.a.
Añasco	n.a.
Arroyo	n.a.
Barceloneta	n.a.
Barranquitas	n.a.
Cabo Rojo	n.a.
Camuy	n.a.
Canóvanas	n.a.
Cataño	n.a.
Ceiba	n.a.

Municipio	Percent
Ciales	n.a.
Cidra	n.a.
Coamo	n.a.
Comerio	n.a.
Corozal	n.a.
Culebra	n.a.
Dorado	n.a.
Fajardo	n.a.
Florida	n.a.
Guánica	n.a.
Guayama	n.a.
Guayanilla	n.a.
Guaynabo	n.a.
Gurabo	n.a.
Hatillo	n.a.
Hormigueros	n.a.
Isabela	n.a.
Jayuya	n.a.
Juana Díaz	n.a.
Juncos	n.a.
Lajas	n.a.
Lares	n.a.
Las Marías	n.a.
Las Piedras	n.a.
Loíza	n.a.
Luquillo	n.a.

Municipio	Percent
Manatí	n.a.
Maricao	n.a.
Maunabo	n.a.
Moca	n.a.
Morovis	n.a.
Naguabo	n.a.
Naranjito	n.a.
Orocovis	n.a.
Patillas	n.a.
Peñuelas	n.a.
Quebradillas	n.a.
Rincón	n.a.
Sabana Grande	n.a.
Salinas	n.a.
San Germán	n.a.
San Sebastián	n.a.
Santa Isabel	n.a.
Toa Alta	n.a.
Trujillo Alto	n.a.
Utua	n.a.
Vega Alta	n.a.
Vega Baja	n.a.
Vieques	n.a.
Villalba	n.a.
Yabucoa	n.a.
Yauco	n.a.

n.a. - Data not available

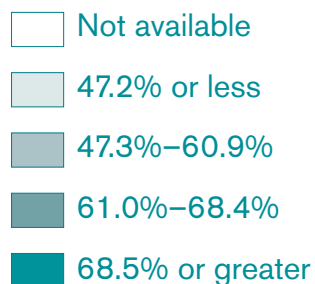
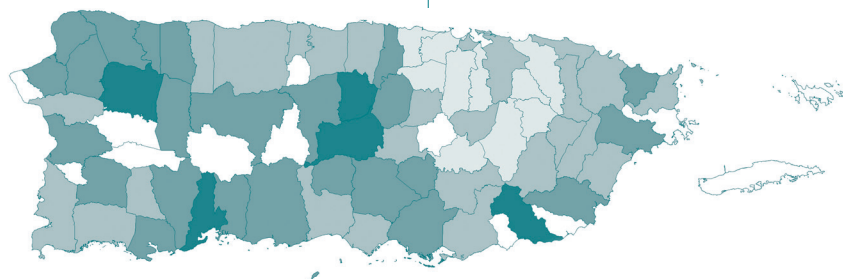
Percent of Children in Poverty (Income Below \$21,834 for a Family of Two Adults and Two Children in 2008), 2006–2008*

The Percent of Children in Poverty is perhaps the most global and widely used indicator of child well-being. Children who grow up in poverty, especially those who experience poverty in early childhood and for extended periods of time, are more likely to experience many undesirable outcomes in health, education, and emotional well-being, and they ultimately fare poorly later in life. The data for this indicator are based on the official poverty measure as determined by the White House Office of Management and Budget. This measure consists of a series of income thresholds based on family size and composition. The 2008 poverty line was \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children.

- During 2006–2008, an average of 545,485 children in Puerto Rico were living in families below the poverty line. This represents 56% of children in Puerto Rico.
- The child poverty rate for Puerto Rico is more than three times the child poverty rate in the U.S. as a whole (18%) for this time period.
- Among the *municipios*, the percent of child poverty for 2006–2008 ranged from 35.4% in Trujillo Alto to 77.8% in Orocovis.

* Most of the annual data from the American Community Survey are only available for a small number of *municipios* (with populations of 65,000 or more). To provide a larger number of *municipios* with comparable data, this report uses three-year estimated data for indicators resulting from this survey. Estimated data for 2006–2008 are available for geographical areas with populations of 20,000 or more.

Percent of Children in Poverty (Income Below \$21,834 for a Family of Two Adults and Two Children in 2008), 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent
Trujillo Alto	35.4%
Gurabo	37.3%
Bayamón	41.8%
Guaynabo	41.8%
Dorado	43.3%
Carolina	43.3%
Toa Alta	44.5%
Cidra	45.7%
Toa Baja	45.7%
Caguas	47.2%
Guayama	51.5%
Río Grande	51.5%
Aguas Buenas	51.6%
San Lorenzo	52.7%
Las Piedras	53.2%
Loíza	54.4%
Hatillo	54.4%
San Juan	54.9%
Cayey	55.0%
Añasco	55.3%
Canóvanas	55.6%
Juncos	56.0%
Arecibo	56.0%
Humacao	56.3%
Fajardo	57.9%
Barranquitas	58.1%

Municipio	Percent
Cabo Rojo	58.7%
Barceloneta	58.8%
Vega Baja	59.3%
Naranjito	59.7%
Juana Díaz	59.8%
Cataño	60.2%
Manatí	60.3%
Sabana Grande	60.5%
Santa Isabel	60.5%
Lajas	60.9%
Ponce	62.4%
Lares	62.8%
Coamo	63.1%
Yauco	63.5%
Camuy	63.6%
Peñuelas	63.9%
Luquillo	64.2%
Aibonito	64.7%
Villalba	64.8%
Yabucoa	64.8%
Vega Alta	64.9%
Naguabo	65.2%
Guánica	65.3%
Mayagüez	65.4%
Utuado	65.4%
Aguadilla	66.3%

Municipio	Percent
Quebradillas	66.6%
Salinas	66.8%
Aguada	66.8%
Ciales	66.8%
San Germán	67.4%
Corozal	67.7%
Moca	68.0%
Isabela	68.4%
Patillas	70.1%
Guayanilla	70.6%
San Sebastián	70.8%
Morovis	72.1%
Orocovis	77.8%
Adjuntas	
Arroyo	
Ceiba	
Comerio	
Culebra	
Florida	
Hormigueros	
Jayuya	
Las Marías	
Maricao	
Maunabo	
Rincón	
Vieques	

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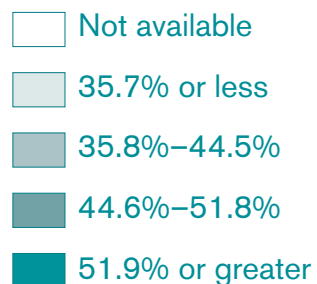
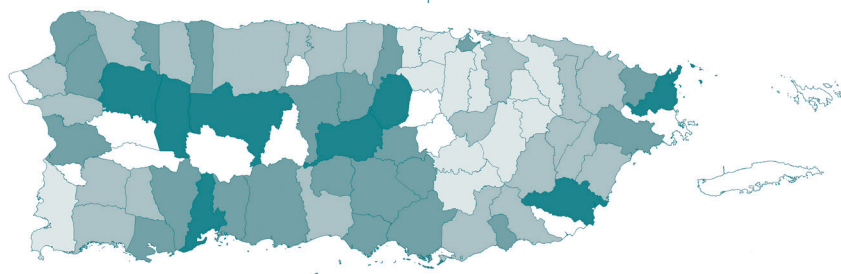
Percent of Children Who Received Public Assistance in the Past 12 Months, 2006–2008*

Public assistance programs provide cash aid to meet the basic support needs of individuals and families. To be eligible for public assistance, a family's countable income and resources must fall below certain limits as reported by the American Community Survey. While there may be other measures of public assistance, we use this measure, as it is comparable across other U.S. jurisdictions and over time.

- During 2006–2008, 41.7% of children received public assistance in Puerto Rico, more than twice the share of children in the United States (18.8%).
- Among the *municipios*, the percent of children who received public assistance ranged from 24.3% in Trujillo Alto to 60.1% in Orocovi.
- The *municipios* with relatively large urban and suburban populations, such as Bayamón, Caguas, Carolina, San Juan, and Arecibo, had relatively low rates of public assistance use.

* Most of the annual data from the American Community Survey are only available for a small number of *municipios* (with populations of 65,000 or more). To provide a larger number of *municipios* with comparable data, this report uses three-year estimated data for indicators resulting from this survey. Estimated data for 2006–2008 are available for geographical areas with populations of 20,000 or more.

Percent of Children Who Received Public Assistance in the Past 12 Months, 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent	Municipio	Percent	Municipio	Percent
Trujillo Alto	24.3%	Barceloneta	42.1%	Barranquitas	50.8%
Toa Alta	28.2%	Canóvanas	42.8%	Aguadilla	50.9%
Gurabo	28.3%	Juana Díaz	42.8%	Ciales	51.1%
Guaynabo	28.6%	Añasco	42.9%	Moca	51.2%
Bayamón	32.5%	Patillas	43.2%	Quebradillas	51.8%
Cayey	32.9%	Humacao	43.3%	Yabucoa	53.2%
Caguas	32.9%	Lajas	43.8%	San Sebastián	54.1%
Carolina	33.2%	Río Grande	44.4%	Fajardo	54.9%
Cabo Rojo	33.6%	Aguada	44.5%	Utuado	55.4%
Cidra	34.5%	Vega Alta	45.1%	Corozal	56.0%
Dorado	35.0%	Yauco	45.4%	Guayanilla	56.9%
Toa Baja	35.7%	Naguabo	45.6%	Lares	58.2%
San Germán	37.7%	Hatillo	45.8%	Orocovis	60.1%
Loíza	38.0%	Mayagüez	46.4%	Florida	
Las Piedras	38.2%	Villalba	47.2%	Naranjito	n.a.
Vega Baja	38.7%	Luquillo	47.6%	Adjuntas	*
Sabana Grande	39.2%	Morovis	47.8%	Ceiba	*
San Lorenzo	40.1%	Aibonito	47.9%	Comerio	*
Manatí	40.2%	Ponce	48.4%	Culebra	*
Aguas Buenas	40.2%	Coamo	48.5%	Hormigueros	*
San Juan	40.6%	Santa Isabel	48.9%	Jayuya	*
Guayama	40.7%	Peñuelas	49.2%	Las Marías	*
Camuy	41.0%	Cataño	49.3%	Maricao	*
Juncos	41.1%	Arroyo	49.4%	Maunabo	*
Arecibo	41.7%	Salinas	49.7%	Rincón	*
Isabela	41.9%	Guánica	49.6%	Vieques	*

* See Appendix

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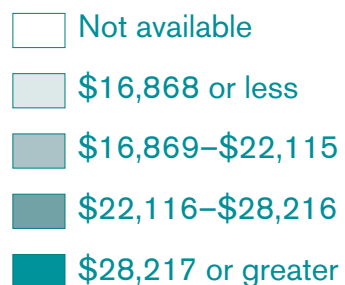
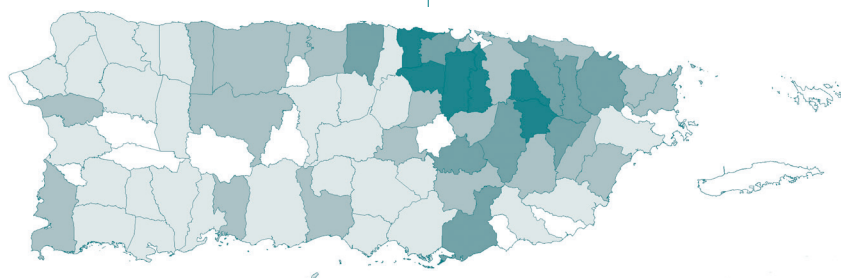
Median Family Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2008 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars), 2006–2008*

All children do better when they live in families with adequate income so they can provide basic needs such as food, clothing, housing, health care, and transportation, as well as higher education. Median family income provides one measure of the ability of Puerto Rico’s families to meet these needs. Median family income is the dollar amount that divides families’ income distribution into two equal groups—half with incomes above the median and half with incomes below the median.

- In 2006–2008, the median family income for Puerto Rico was \$20,795, slightly more than one-third of the median family income in the United States (\$60,764).
- Among the *municipios*, the median family income ranged from \$9,685 in Guayanilla to \$43,878 in Guaynabo for this time period.

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Median Family Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2008 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars), 2006–2008



<i>Municipio</i>	Number
Guayanilla	\$9,685
San Sebastián	\$10,704
Corozal	\$11,595
Morovis	\$12,083
Orocovis	\$12,890
Mayagüez	\$12,895
Moca	\$13,893
Guánica	\$14,310
Ciales	\$14,382
Aguadilla	\$14,391
Salinas	\$14,409
Patillas	\$14,557
San Germán	\$14,842
Lajas	\$14,989
Coamo	\$15,000
Aguada	\$15,194
Quebradillas	\$15,485
Yabucoa	\$15,620
Camuy	\$15,900
Isabela	\$15,968
Sabana Grande	\$15,970
Ponce	\$16,125
Yauco	\$16,168
Aibonito	\$16,366
Lares	\$16,379
Santa Isabel	\$16,560

<i>Municipio</i>	Number
Vega Alta	\$16,603
Naguabo	\$16,617
Villalba	\$16,868
Naranjito	\$17,436
Peñuelas	\$17,908
Utua	\$18,103
Barceloneta	\$18,522
Fajardo	\$18,974
Cataño	\$19,030
Arecibo	\$19,054
Manatí	\$19,061
Juana Díaz	\$19,133
Barranquitas	\$19,469
Luquillo	\$19,799
Hatillo	\$20,201
Cabo Rojo	\$20,335
Las Piedras	\$20,671
San Lorenzo	\$20,872
Añasco	\$20,897
Humacao	\$20,997
Cayey	\$21,213
Loíza	\$21,901
San Juan	\$22,038
Aguas Buenas	\$22,115
Canóvanas	\$22,623
Vega Baja	\$23,557

<i>Municipio</i>	Number
Juncos	\$23,598
Río Grande	\$23,939
Guayama	\$24,253
Toa Baja	\$25,733
Cidra	\$25,900
Caguas	\$27,225
Carolina	\$28,216
Bayamón	\$30,102
Dorado	\$31,132
Gurabo	\$31,637
Toa Alta	\$32,255
Trujillo Alto	\$37,543
Guaynabo	\$43,878
Adjuntas	n.a.
Arroyo	n.a.
Ceiba	n.a.
Comerio	n.a.
Culebra	n.a.
Florida	n.a.
Hormigueros	n.a.
Jayuya	n.a.
Las Marías	n.a.
Maricao	n.a.
Maunabo	n.a.
Rincón	n.a.
Vieques	n.a.

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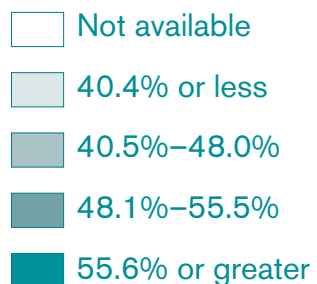
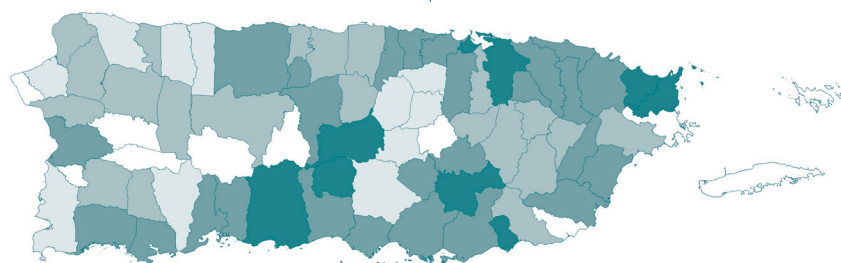
Percent of Children in Single-Parent Families, 2006–2008*

Children living in single-parent families typically do not have the same economic or human resources available as those growing up in two-parent families. These children are more likely to live in poverty since single-parent families have only one potential wage earner. While children in this type of family composition may be at increased risk for low academic achievement and low levels of social and emotional well-being, parenting quality is a good predictor of children’s well-being, regardless of whether they grow up with one or two parents. The U.S. Census Bureau defines single-parent families as those families headed by an unmarried adult.

- In 2006–2008, 454,954 children lived in single-parent families in Puerto Rico.
- 49.7% of children in Puerto Rico lived in single-parent families compared to 32.0% of children in the U.S.
- In 2006–2008, the percent of children in single-parent families ranged from 30% in Naranjito to 69.3% in Cataño.

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Percent of Children in Single-Parent Families, 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent
Naranjito	30.0%
Camuy	31.5%
Isabela	36.5%
Hatillo	37.4%
Corozal	37.5%
Cabo Rojo	38.5%
Aguada	39.3%
Toa Alta	40.0%
Barranquitas	40.1%
Yauco	40.4%
Coamo	40.4%
Lares	41.6%
Aguas Buenas	41.9%
Añasco	42.4%
Gurabo	42.4%
Quebradillas	42.8%
Barceloneta	43.1%
Patillas	43.1%
Moca	43.5%
Naguabo	44.6%
Juncos	44.9%
Aguadilla	45.0%
Utua	45.3%
Manatí	45.4%
Caguas	45.7%
Guaynabo	46.0%

Municipio	Percent
Sabana Grande	46.0%
San Germán	46.3%
San Sebastián	46.7%
San Lorenzo	47.5%
Vega Baja	47.6%
Morovis	48.0%
Dorado	48.4%
Trujillo Alto	48.7%
Arecibo	48.7%
Bayamón	48.8%
Florida	49.6%
Peñuelas	49.7%
Juana Díaz	49.9%
Río Grande	50.2%
Toa Baja	50.3%
Guánica	50.9%
Guayama	51.1%
Aibonito	51.1%
Ciales	51.4%
Humacao	51.5%
Cidra	51.9%
Salinas	52.2%
Las Piedras	52.7%
Mayagüez	52.7%
Santa Isabel	53.0%
Guayanilla	53.3%

Municipio	Percent
Canóvanas	53.5%
Lajas	53.6%
Vega Alta	54.1%
Loíza	55.2%
Carolina	55.2%
Yabucoa	55.5%
Villalba	56.7%
Luquillo	58.4%
Ponce	59.2%
Fajardo	59.5%
Arroyo	59.8%
Orocovis	60.9%
San Juan	60.9%
Cayey	61.7%
Cataño	69.3%
Adjuntas	*
Ceiba	*
Comerio	*
Culebra	*
Hormigueros	*
Jayuya	*
Las Marías	*
Maricao	*
Maunabo	*
Rincón	*
Vieques	*

* See Appendix

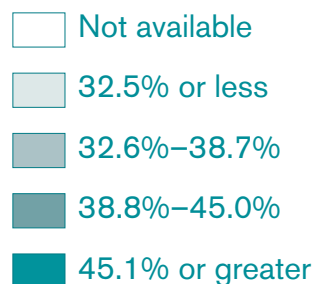
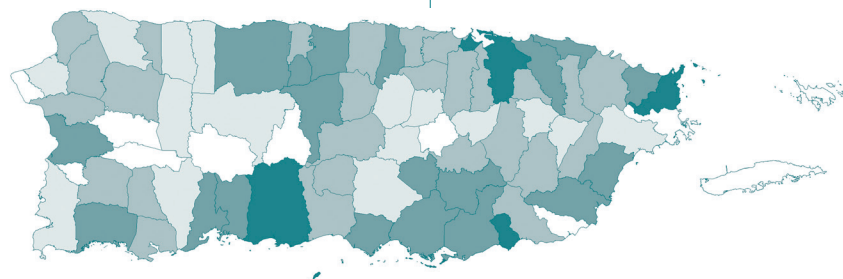
Percent of Children in Female-Headed Households, 2006–2008*

Family structure is an important determinant of the overall economic well-being of children. Children living in female-headed households refers to the number or share of “own children” under 18 years living in the household, headed by a female without a husband present. “Own children” includes never-married persons under age 18 who are the sons or daughters of the heads of the household. The heads’ stepchildren and adopted children are also counted as “own children.”

- An average of 311,007 children lived in female-headed households in Puerto Rico during 2006–2008.
- During 2006–2008, 38.8% of children lived in female-headed households in Puerto Rico, compared to 22.9% in the United States.
- The percent of children in female-headed households ranged from 22.5% in Naranjito to 61.8% in Cataño.

* Most of the annual data from the American Community Survey are only available for a small number of *municipios* (with populations of 65,000 or more). To provide a larger number of *municipios* with comparable data, this report uses three-year estimated data for indicators resulting from this survey. Estimated data for 2006–2008 are available for geographical areas with populations of 20,000 or more.

Percent of Children in Female-Headed Households, 2006–2008



Municipio	Percent
Naranjito	22.5%
Cabo Rojo	25.8%
Isabela	26.6%
Camuy	27.3%
Lares	27.7%
Utuado	27.7%
Aguada	29.4%
Naguabo	30.5%
Yauco	30.7%
Corozal	30.8%
Gurabo	31.0%
Coamo	31.2%
Hatillo	31.4%
Juncos	31.8%
Aguas Buenas	32.2%
Barranquitas	32.5%
Toa Alta	33.1%
San Germán	33.2%
Añasco	33.3%
Guaynabo	34.0%
San Lorenzo	34.1%
Orocovis	34.2%
Dorado	34.7%
Villalba	35.1%
Moca	35.1%
Quebradillas	35.2%

Municipio	Percent
Cidra	35.3%
Sabana Grande	35.8%
Patillas	35.9%
Caguas	36.1%
Vega Baja	36.8%
Río Grande	36.8%
Juana Díaz	36.9%
Morovis	37.0%
Barceloneta	37.2%
Toa Baja	37.2%
Aguadilla	37.3%
Las Piedras	37.4%
Guánica	37.7%
San Sebastián	38.1%
Bayamón	38.1%
Trujillo Alto	38.6%
Canóvanas	38.7%
Ciales	39.1%
Luquillo	39.2%
Manatí	39.3%
Guayama	39.5%
Arecibo	39.6%
Peñuelas	40.0%
Humacao	40.7%
Salinas	40.9%
Loíza	41.0%

Municipio	Percent
Lajas	41.2%
Vega Alta	42.5%
Aibonito	42.5%
Guayanilla	42.9%
Carolina	43.6%
Florida	43.7%
Yabucoa	44.0%
Mayagüez	44.1%
Santa Isabel	44.2%
Cayey	45.0%
Fajardo	47.6%
Ponce	48.0%
Arroyo	50.7%
San Juan	51.4%
Cataño	61.8%
Adjuntas	*
Ceiba	*
Comerio	*
Culebra	*
Hormigueros	*
Jayuya	*
Las Marías	*
Maricao	*
Maunabo	*
Rincón	*
Vieques	*

* See Appendix

Municipio **Profiles**

Puerto Rico



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Key Indicators	Period	Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	311,007	38.8%

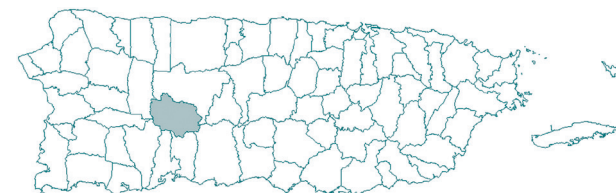
* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Adjuntas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	4,929	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	26	11.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	56	23.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	77	32.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	4.2	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	26.6	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	64.0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	42	58.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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* See Appendix n.a. - Data not available Data cannot be calculated

Aguada



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<http://kidscount.nclr.org>



Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,444	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	45	9.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	67	14.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	233	51.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	11.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	62	34.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,483	66.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,093	44.5%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,194		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,261	39.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,766	29.4%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

 Data cannot be calculated

Aguadilla

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	16,178	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	82	10.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	131	17.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	398	52.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	5.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	8.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	41.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	126	52.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	10,490	66.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	8,229	50.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,391		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,776	44.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	5,044	37.3%	311,007	38.8%



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Aguas Buenas



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,945	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	38	10.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	61	17.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	205	58.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	5.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	16.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	43.5	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	73	62.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,004	51.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,199	40.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$22,115		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,011	41.8%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,006	32.1%	311,007	38.8%

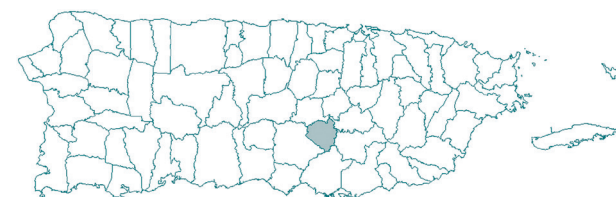
* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Aibonito

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,052	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	36	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	50	14.9%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	123	36.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	11.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	18.8	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	68	63.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,369	64.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,383	47.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,366		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,271	51.1%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,334	42.5%	311,007	38.8%



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Añasco



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,436	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	32	10.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	75	23.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	141	44.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	3.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	34.6	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	92.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	52	48.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,070	55.3%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,183	42.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,897		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,971	42.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,076	33.2%	311,007	38.8%

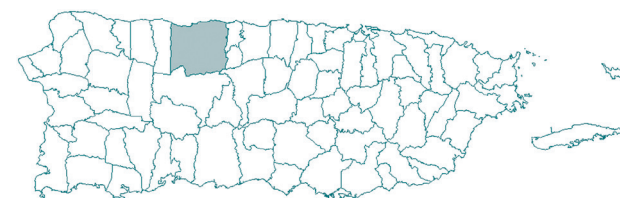
* See Appendix

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Arecibo

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	24,358	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	103	9.4%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	208	19.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	548	50.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	2.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	10.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	26.7	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	185	51.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	655	10.8%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,010	16.8%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	13,287	56.0%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	10,160	41.7%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,054		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	10,889	48.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	8,037	39.6%	311,007	38.8%



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Arroyo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,163	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	18	6.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	35	13.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	142	54.0%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	11.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	50.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	67.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	59	82.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	2,884		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,546	49.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,724	59.8%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,088	50.7%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Barceloneta

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	6,525	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	30	9.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	58	17.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	136	40.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	63	76.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,740	58.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,751	42.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$18,522		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,619	43.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,115	37.2%	311,007	38.8%



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Barranquitas



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,912	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	39	9.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	62	14.5%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	141	32.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	7.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	15.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	34.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	103	73.2	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,048	58.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,404	50.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,469		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,182	40.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,338	32.4%	311,007	38.8%

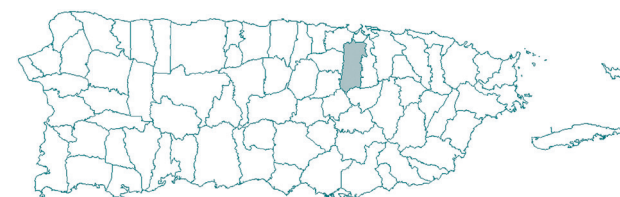
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Bayamón

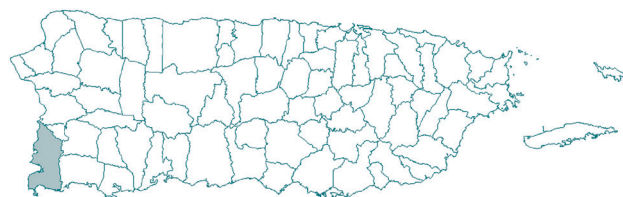
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	53,247	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	258	10.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	460	18.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	1,325	52.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	22	8.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	4	9.8	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	12	73.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	369	47.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,259	9.5%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,665	12.6%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	21,459	41.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	17,225	32.5%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$30,102		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	23,754	48.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	16,359	38.1%	311,007	38.8%



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Cabo Rojo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,640	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	67	10.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	116	18.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	281	45.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	6.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	56.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	91	51.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,261	58.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,246	33.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,335		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,456	38.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,624	25.7%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Caguas

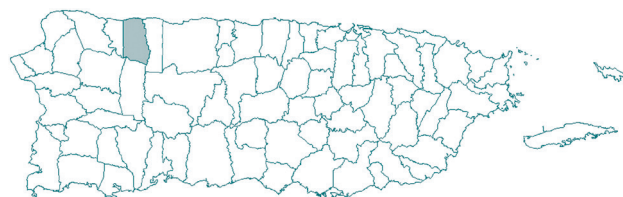
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	35,690	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	238	12.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	408	21.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	1,151	61.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	20	10.6	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	6	21.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	5	49.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	316	63.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	585	7.4%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	995	12.7%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	16,557	47.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	11,734	32.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$27,225		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	15,033	45.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	10,581	36.1%	311,007	38.8%



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Camuy



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	10,114	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	53	13.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	82	20.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	217	53.2%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	2.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	67.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	67	44.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,362	63.5%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,141	41.0%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,900		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,000	31.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,427	27.3%	311,007	38.8%

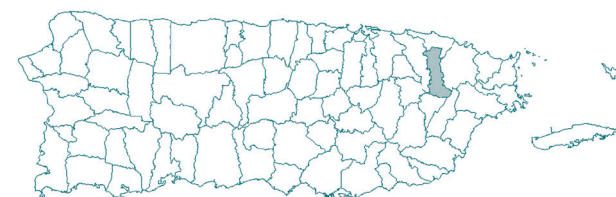
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Canóvanas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	13,564	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	84	12.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	136	20.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	298	44.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	6	9.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	50.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	133	67.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,454	55.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,796	42.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$22,623		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,576	53.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,087	38.7%	311,007	38.8%



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Carolina



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	45,225	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	201	9.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	391	18.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	944	43.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	15	6.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	6	17.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	11	83.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	330	49.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	761	7.4%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,158	11.4%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	19,146	43.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	15,046	33.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$28,216		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	23,005	55.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	15,408	43.6%	311,007	38.8%

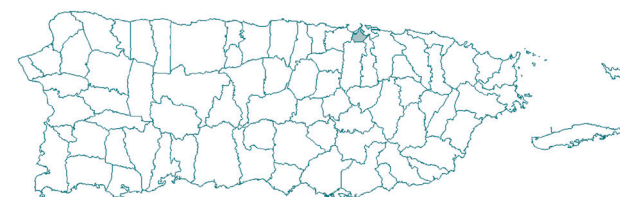
* See Appendix

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Cataño

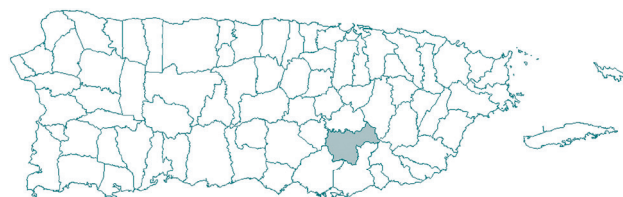
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,332	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	54	13.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	88	22.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	223	56.0%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	10.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	53.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	90.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	101	96.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,378	60.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,623	49.3%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,030		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,710	69.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,638	61.8%	311,007	38.8%



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Cayey



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,050	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	80	13.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	93	15.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	250	40.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	8.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	32.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	82.0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	113	61.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	230	8.1%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	401	14.2%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,375	55.0%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,956	32.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$21,213		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,852	61.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,246	45.0%	311,007	38.8%

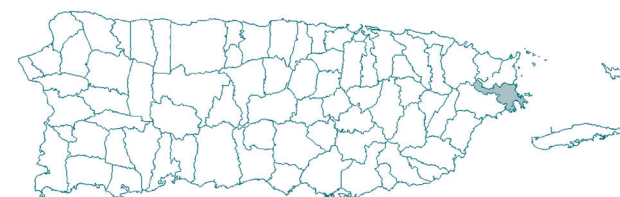
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Ceiba

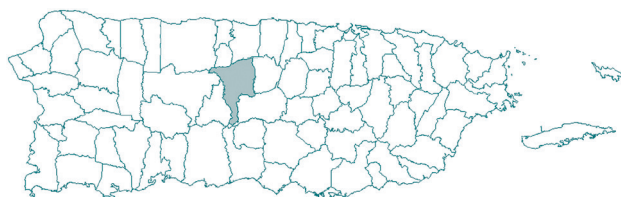
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	4,509	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	21	11.5%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	34	18.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	96	52.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	27	42.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Ciales



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,790	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	26	9.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	53	19.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	110	40.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	3.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	56.0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	78	85.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,859	66.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,963	51.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,382		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,891	51.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,910	39.0%	311,007	38.8%

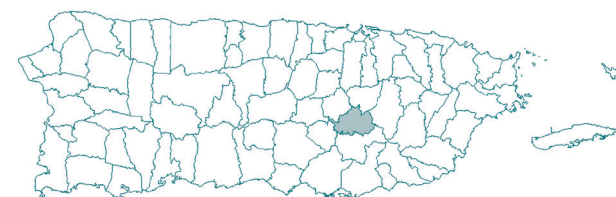
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Cidra

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,647	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	61	11.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	106	19.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	210	37.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	8	14.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	20.3	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	53.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	99	54.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,666	45.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,370	34.5%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$25,900		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,116	51.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,646	35.2%	311,007	38.8%



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Coamo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,069	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	62	11.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	101	18.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	266	48.0%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	1.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	34.8	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	5	151.6	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	118	74.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,708	63.1%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,379	48.5%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,000		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,048	40.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,722	31.2%	311,007	38.8%

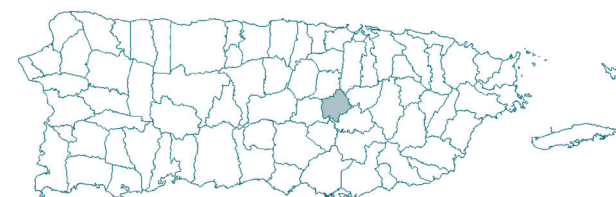
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Comerio

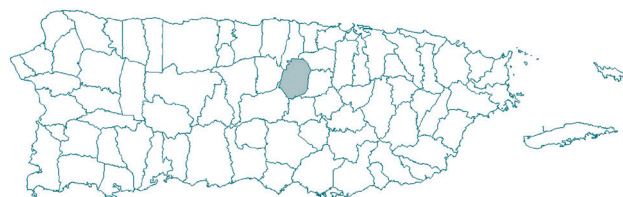
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,125	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	30	11.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	52	19.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	132	48.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	14.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	69	92.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Corozal



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	10,560	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	70	13.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	113	22.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	299	59.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	13.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	12.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	5	152.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	113	71.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,825	67.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,913	56.0%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$11,595		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,611	37.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,488	30.7%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Culebra

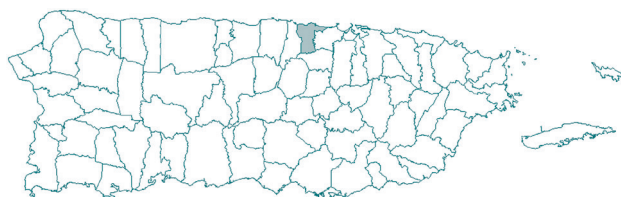
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	500	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	3	13.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	5	22.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	11	50.0%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	3	50.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Dorado



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	9,803	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	54	9.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	101	18.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	299	53.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	3.6	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	26.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	38.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	81	61.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,078	43.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,429	35.0%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$31,132		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,319	48.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,632	34.6%	311,007	38.8%

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Fajardo

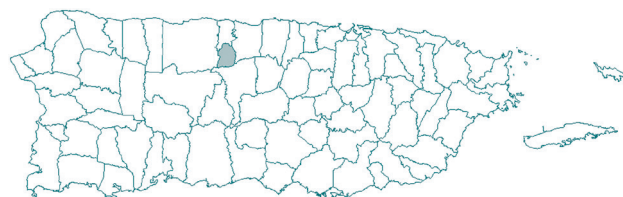
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,104	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	54	11.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	89	18.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	242	49.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	4	46.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	32.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	100	63.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,275	57.9%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,073	54.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$18,974		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,089	59.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,242	47.6%	311,007	38.8%



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Florida



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	4,296	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	11	6.5%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	31	18.5%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	67	39.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	6.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	47	77.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	2,771		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008			416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	1,905	49.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,564	43.7%	311,007	38.8%

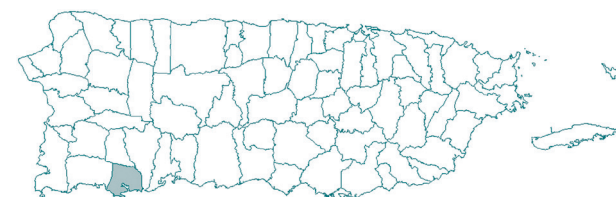
* See Appendix

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Guánica

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,954	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	25	11.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	57	25.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	112	49.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	21.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	21.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	113.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	35	39.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,815	65.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,957	49.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,310		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,755	50.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,703	37.7%	311,007	38.8%



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Guayama



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,034	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	51	8.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	101	17.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	322	54.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	9	15.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	10.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	7	202.7	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	108	64.2	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,990	51.5%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,836	40.7%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$24,253		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	5,530	51.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,731	39.4%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

 Data cannot be calculated

Guayanilla

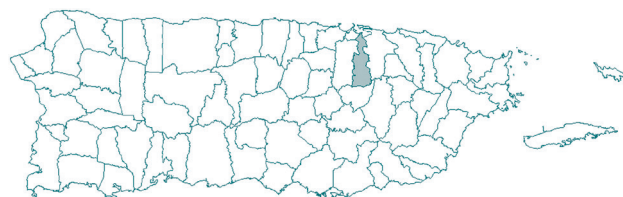
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	6,143	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	37	13.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	57	20.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	134	47.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	3.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	21.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	44	48.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,128	70.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,494	56.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$9,685		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,977	53.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,008	42.9%	311,007	38.8%



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Guaynabo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	23,425	23%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	118	10.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	181	15.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	544	47.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	8	7.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	16.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	9	128.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	149	44.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	9,528	41.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,694	28.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$43,878		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	9,965	45.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	6,341	34.0%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Gurabo

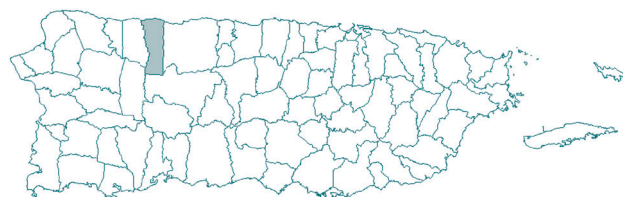
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,606	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	62	11.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	136	25.5%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	305	57.2%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	7.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	21.9	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	93.5	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	69	43.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,245	37.3%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,287	28.3%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$31,637		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,601	42.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,977	31.0%	311,007	38.8%



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Hatillo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,240	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	45	8.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	121	23.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	252	48.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	5.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	11.4	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	88	51.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,053	54.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,143	45.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,201		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,934	37.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,971	31.3%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Hormigueros

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	3,775	22%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	19	10.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	38	21.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	85	47.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	16.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	20	38.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Humacao



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	15,253	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	102	12.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	177	22.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	510	64.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	6.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	17.3	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	42.7	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	137	59.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	511	13.3%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	808	21.1%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	8,316	56.3%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,621	43.3%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,997		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	7,084	51.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,758	40.7%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Isabela

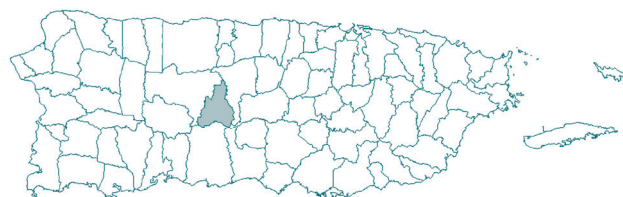
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,812	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	72	13.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	89	16.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	283	53.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	9.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	21.9	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	97	54.9	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,690	68.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,939	41.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,968		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,845	36.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,505	26.5%	311,007	38.8%



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Jayuya



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,183	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	25	11.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	52	24.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	78	36.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	4.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	74.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	59	78.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Juana Díaz

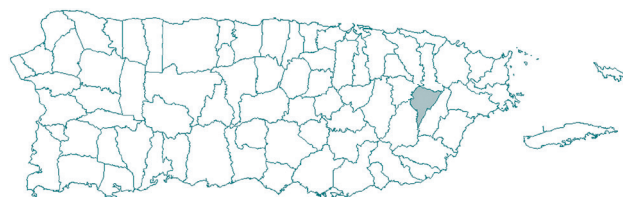
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	15,183	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	78	11.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	138	20.9%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	320	48.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	6.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	68.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	129	60.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	8,740	59.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,511	42.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,133		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,827	49.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,326	36.8%	311,007	38.8%



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Juncos



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,339	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	57	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	107	20.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	297	55.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	9.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	33.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	92	62.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,960	55.9%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,657	41.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$23,598		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,512	44.8%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,763	31.8%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Lajas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	6,756	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	31	10.4%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	71	23.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	139	46.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	13.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	52.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	52	55.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,079	60.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,956	43.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,989		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,299	53.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,099	41.1%	311,007	38.8%



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Lares



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	9,407	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	37	11.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	57	17.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	134	40.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	3.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	27.6	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	42	28.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,820	62.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,474	58.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,379		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,606	41.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,185	27.7%	311,007	38.8%

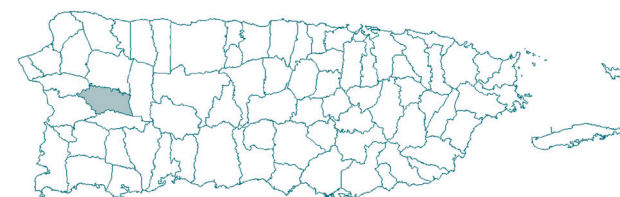
* See Appendix

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Las Marías

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	2,983	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	10	9.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	14	13.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	53	51.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	19	40.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Las Piedras



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	10,206	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	78	16.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	98	20.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	301	62.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	99.0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	82	54.2	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,241	53.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,902	38.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,671		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,876	52.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,886	37.3%	311,007	38.8%

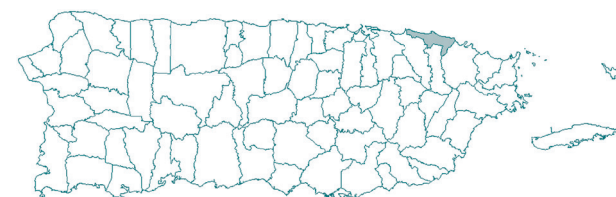
* See Appendix

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Loíza

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	9,934	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	62	17.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	84	23.5%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	117	32.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	19.6	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	13.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	5	160.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	89	57.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,304	54.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,774	38.0%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$21,901		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,829	55.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,024	40.9%	311,007	38.8%



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Luquillo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,460	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	25	10.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	50	21.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	113	48.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	8.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	23.4	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	132.0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	41	56.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,391	64.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,597	47.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,799		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,912	58.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,618	39.1%	311,007	38.8%

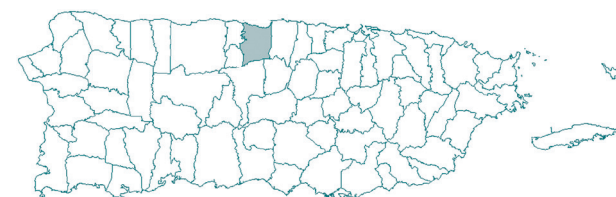
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Manatí

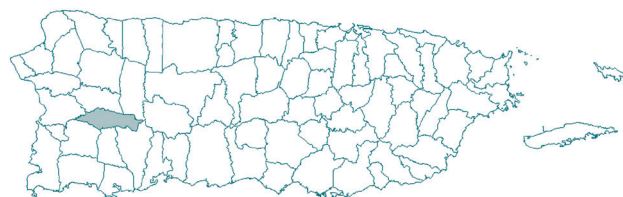
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,907	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	42	7.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	92	15.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	232	39.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	6	10.2	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	10.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	26.6	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	106	55.6	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,352	60.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,196	40.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$19,061		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,814	45.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,686	39.3%	311,007	38.8%



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Maricao



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	1,650	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	14	19.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	19	26.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	40	54.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	19	74.2	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Maunabo

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	3,251	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	15	10.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	19	13.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	83	57.2%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	6.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	43	76.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Mayagüez



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	20,725	22%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	113	11.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	206	20.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	370	37.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	12	12.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	6.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	13.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	196	53.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	581	9.1%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	698	11.0%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	13,259	65.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	9,610	46.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$12,895		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	10,041	52.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	7,454	44.0%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Moca

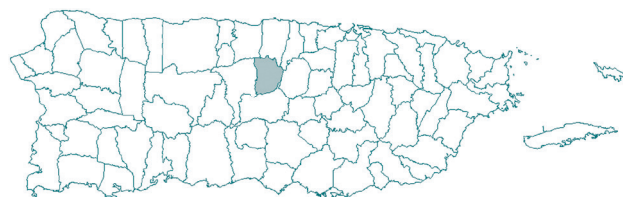
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,879	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	54	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	86	17.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	275	54.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	21.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	74	45.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,997	68.0%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,062	51.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$13,893		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,949	43.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,654	35.1%	311,007	38.8%



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Morovis



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	9,977	31%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	51	10.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	86	18.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	205	42.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	2.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	101	71.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,948	72.1%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,773	47.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$12,083		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,313	47.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,968	36.9%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Naguabo

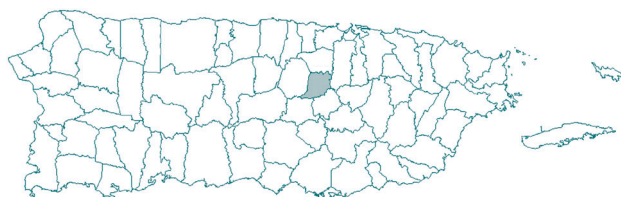
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	6,434	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	42	12.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	72	20.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	182	52.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	1	2.9	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	20.3	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	108.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	68	76.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,054	65.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,932	45.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,617		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,612	44.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,647	30.5%	311,007	38.8%



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Naranjito



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,131	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	35	9.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	80	20.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	241	62.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	13.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	32.4	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	38.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	80	63.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,757	59.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$17,436		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,316	30.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,491	22.4%	311,007	38.8%

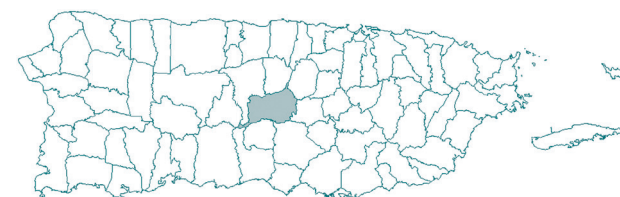
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Orocovis

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,141	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	30	10.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	59	21.5%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	122	44.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	14.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	45.1	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	70	63.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,441	77.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,275	60.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$12,890		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,079	60.8%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,031	34.1%	311,007	38.8%



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Patillas



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	5,046	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	13	5.9%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	37	16.9%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	108	49.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	9.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	52.3	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	63.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	51	65.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,468	70.0%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,184	43.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,557		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,009	43.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,471	35.8%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

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Peñuelas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,575	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	31	9.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	60	17.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	176	51.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	8.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	37.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	85	63.8	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,283	63.9%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,221	49.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$17,908		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,677	49.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,512	39.9%	311,007	38.8%



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Ponce



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	45,777	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	302	13.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	484	20.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	1,043	44.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	21	9.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	4	11.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	19	132.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	416	59.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,093	9.4%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,744	15.1%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	27,891	62.3%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	22,121	48.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,125		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	25,249	59.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	17,895	47.9%	311,007	38.8%

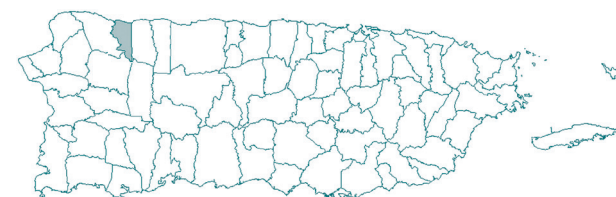
* See Appendix

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Quebradillas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,363	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	35	12.0%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	52	17.9%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	154	52.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	40	36.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,781	66.5%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,809	51.8%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,485		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,931	42.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,081	35.2%	311,007	38.8%



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Rincón



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	3,719	23%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	29	15.6%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	34	18.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	84	45.2%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	34.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	94.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	27	51.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%

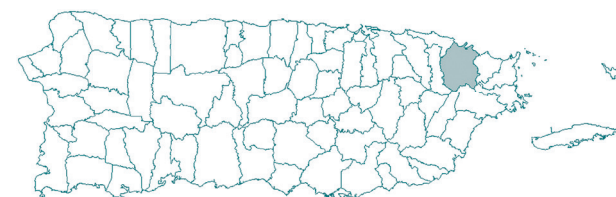
* See Appendix

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Río Grande

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	15,103	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	68	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	126	19.9%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	296	46.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	4	6.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	4	34.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	45.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	102	48.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	216	6.6%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	463	14.1%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,576	51.5%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,706	44.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$23,939		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,907	50.1%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,428	36.8%	311,007	38.8%



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Sabana Grande



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	7,071	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	47	15.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	91	29.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	153	49.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	22.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	36.0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	51.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	51	54.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,096	60.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,773	39.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,970		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,814	46.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,968	35.8%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Salinas

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	9,100	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	43	10.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	91	21.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	235	56.2%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	16.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	78.6	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	87	71.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,959	66.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,488	49.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,409		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,375	52.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,931	40.8%	311,007	38.8%



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San Germán



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,710	23%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	53	13.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	113	28.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	205	50.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	17.3	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	30.1	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	36.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	79	59.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,733	67.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,272	37.7%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$14,842		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,802	46.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,302	33.1%	311,007	38.8%

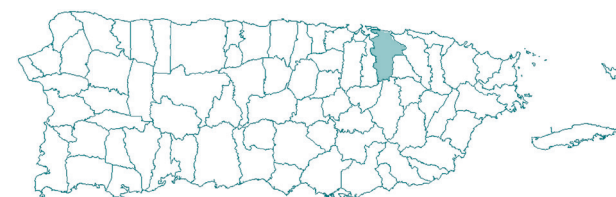
* See Appendix

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San Juan

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	96,034	23%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	499	10.5%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	869	18.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	2,044	42.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	44	9.2	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	10	13.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	28	97.6	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	823	57.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	2,133	9.1%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	2,548	10.9%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	50,636	54.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	38,460	40.6%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$22,038		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	52,310	60.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	39,402	51.3%	311,007	38.8%



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San Lorenzo



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,459	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	82	16.4%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	103	20.6%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	311	62.3%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	11.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	30.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	94	58.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	308	12.6%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	480	19.7%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,637	52.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,598	40.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$20,872		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,919	47.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,120	34.0%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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San Sebastián

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	11,608	24%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	71	13.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	105	19.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	294	54.0%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	3.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	33.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	1	29.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	94	58.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	8,062	70.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,284	54.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$10,704		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	5,086	46.7%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,768	38.0%	311,007	38.8%



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Santa Isabel



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	6,994	31%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	47	14.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	68	21.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	178	55.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	15.6	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	18.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	109.8	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	61	66.7	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,166	60.5%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,424	48.9%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,560		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,382	52.9%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,480	44.1%	311,007	38.8%

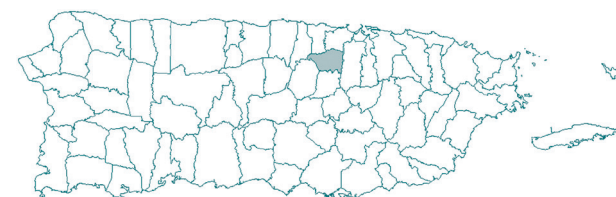
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Toa Alta

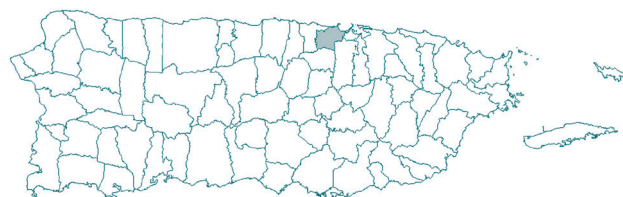
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	22,781	29%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	92	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	164	19.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	482	55.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	5.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	3	16.5	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	9	140.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	132	42.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	9,946	44.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,437	28.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$32,255		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	8,666	40.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	6,481	33.0%	311,007	38.8%



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Toa Baja



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	24,862	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	106	9.3%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	218	19.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	655	57.4%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	13	11.4	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	10.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	4	55.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	206	58.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	606	10.3%	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	1,054	18.0%	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	11,009	45.6%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	8,891	35.7%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$25,733		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	11,219	50.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	7,076	37.2%	311,007	38.8%

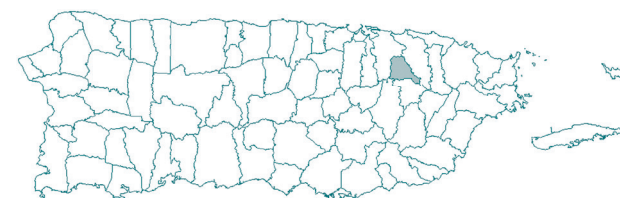
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Trujillo Alto

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	21,940	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	114	12.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	190	20.1%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	413	43.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	8	8.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	11.6	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	47.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	120	38.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,502	35.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,343	24.3%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$37,543		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	9,794	48.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	6,936	38.5%	311,007	38.8%



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Utuado



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,990	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	31	8.4%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	73	19.7%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	160	43.1%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	5	13.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	105.3	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	86	63.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,641	65.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,981	55.4%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$18,103		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,581	45.2%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	1,921	27.7%	311,007	38.8%

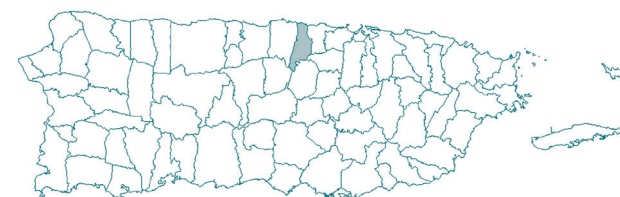
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Vega Alta

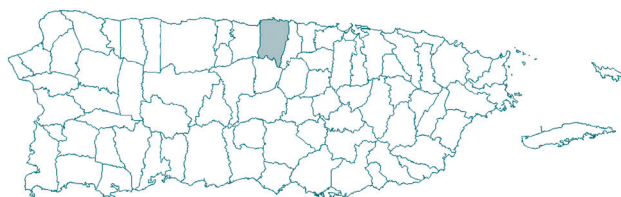
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	10,866	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	52	10.7%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	80	16.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	281	57.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	2	4.1	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	23.7	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	63.9	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	95	61.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,796	64.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,891	45.1%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,603		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	5,351	54.1%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,676	42.4%	311,007	38.8%



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Vega Baja



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	17,413	27%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	62	7.4%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	162	19.4%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	440	52.8%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	6	7.2	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	7.4	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	0	0	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	174	70.0	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	9,994	59.2%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	6,737	38.7%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$23,557		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	7,399	47.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	4,865	36.7%	311,007	38.8%

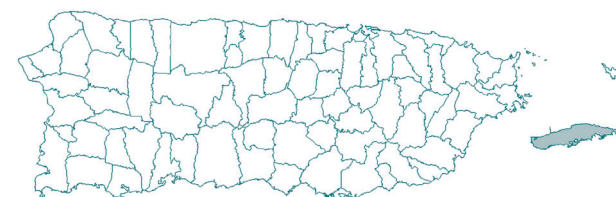
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Vieques

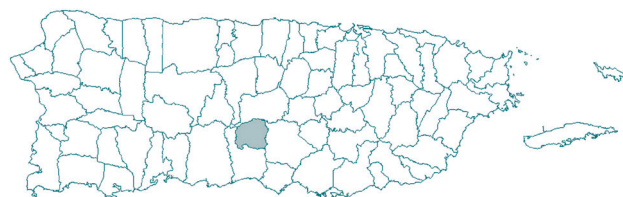
Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	2,370	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	13	11.2%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	20	17.2%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	60	51.7%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	0	0	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	55.3	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	290.7	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	35	114.4	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	*		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	*	*	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	n.a.		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	*	*	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	*	*	311,007	38.8%



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Villalba



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	8,547	28%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	38	9.8%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	81	21.0%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	212	54.9%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	7.8	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	1	15.2	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	3	113.4	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	63	52.1	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,345	64.7%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,996	47.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,868		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,377	56.6%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,309	35.1%	311,007	38.8%

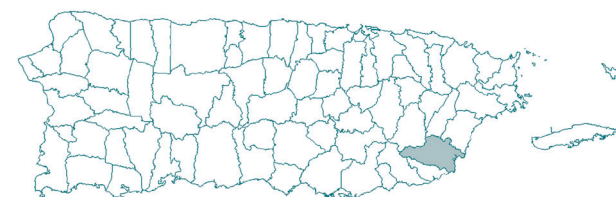
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Yabucoa

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	10,719	26%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	56	12.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	94	20.3%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	284	61.5%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	3	6.5	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	2	23.9	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	2	66.2	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	104	70.3	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	6,719	64.8%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,696	53.2%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$15,620		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	5,469	55.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,406	44.0%	311,007	38.8%



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Yauco



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Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Estimated population under age 18	2007	12,002	25%	1,002,044	25%
Low-birth-weight babies	2007	61	11.1%	5,667	11.0%
Preterm births	2007	98	17.8%	9,051	19.4%
Cesarean births	2007	279	50.6%	23,017	49.2%
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 births)	2007	7	12.7	387	8.3
Child death rate (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14)	2007	0	0	119	15.4
Teen death rate (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)	2007	4	107.6	201	67.5
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19)	2007	88	50.5	8,313	56.9
Teens who are high school dropouts (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	19,951	8.4%
Teens not attending school and not working (ages 16–19)	2006–2008	n.a.	n.a.	34,467	14.6%
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	7,427	63.4%	545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	5,449	45.3%	416,627	41.7%
Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars)	2006–2008	\$16,168		\$20,795	
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	4,534	40.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,964	30.6%	311,007	38.8%

* See Appendix

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Methodology, Definitions, and Data Sources

Criteria for Selecting Indicators

The *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* examines 15 indicators in four areas of well-being that affect the lives of children living in Puerto Rico: demography, health, education, and socioeconomic well-being.

Many of the criteria used to select these statistical indicators were adapted from the *KIDS COUNT National Data Book* published annually by the Annie E. Casey Foundation. Other general criteria include the recurrent availability of data at both the commonwealth and *municipio* levels, the data's significance in terms of describing child well-being, and utility for decision-making processes for public policy and programs to improve the lives of children and youth. The criteria are designed to meet two main goals: using high-quality data and communicating clearly and concisely. In addition, the criteria must meet multiple standards:

- 1. The statistical indicator must be from a reliable source.** All data used in this book come from United States and Puerto Rico government agencies, and most of the data have already been published or released to the public in some other form. We work with a small circle of data experts to examine and reexamine the quality of the data used in the *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book*.
- 2. The statistical indicator must be available and consistent over time.** Changes in methodologies, practice, or policies may affect year-to-year comparability. Program and administrative data are particularly vulnerable to changes in policies and/or program administration, resulting in data that are not comparable across states or over time.
- 3. The statistical indicator must be available and consistent for all or most of the *municipios*.** Data may be collected by the Puerto Rico Executive Branch and/or the federal government and must be available every year. Data must be accurate and reliable and should be useful for assessing changes over time in a single *municipio*. Without data for every *municipio*, we are unable to construct an overall composite index of child well-being.
- 4. The statistical indicator must be easily understandable to the public.** We are trying to reach an educated lay public, not academic scholars or researchers. Measures that are too complex or esoteric cannot be communicated effectively.
- 5. The statistical indicator must have a relatively unambiguous interpretation.** If the value of an indicator changes over time, we want to be sure that there is widespread agreement about whether this signifies a positive or negative impact on children's well-being.
- 6. There should be a high probability that the measure will continue to be produced in the near future.** We want to establish a series of indicators that can be produced year after year to track trends in the well-being of children in each *municipio*. Therefore, we are reluctant to use data from a one-time survey, even though it may provide good information.

Limitations of the Data

In any data collection process, there are always concerns about the accuracy and completeness of the data that are collected. The data used in this publication were collected through routine data collection systems operated by local and federal agencies. One limitation is that we do not have estimates of the completeness of reporting for these systems.

Another limitation is specific to the methodology used to conduct the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey. The Bureau is still adding to its sample size, and to protect the confidentiality of those surveyed in very small places, it currently does not report one-year data on certain indicators for certain time periods. Currently, it reports one-year estimates for geographies with populations larger than 65,000 people and three-year estimates on geographies with populations larger than 20,000 people. The multiyear estimate alone cannot tell you anything about changes in any particular year in the period; it is only significant to what the average value is over the full time period. For the sake of consistency, as well as to provide comparable information about the largest number of *municipios* on indicators for which no other data are available, we have decided to present three-year estimates in this report. Once the Bureau completes its sample size to include one-year estimates for all *municipios*, we intend to include them in future data books.

Definitions and Sources

The data presented in this book were obtained from the Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division, and the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey and Population Division. The American Community Survey (ACS) is a nationwide survey designed to provide communities with a fresh look at how they are changing. In Puerto Rico, the American Community Survey is known as the Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS). The PRCS is the equivalent to the ACS for Puerto Rico and began data collection in 2005. Data results from both the ACS and the PRCS are released together as a unified American Community Survey data set, to which all sources in this book refer.

Data are presented in numbers, percentages, and rates. Numbers are the most direct measure of the scope of a problem, as they represent the count of events during a specified period of time. They are useful for estimating the resources required to address a problem and are not useful for comparing the severity of a problem from one geographic area to another. Some data are presented as a rate. A rate is a measure of the frequency of an event per some other number, usually 100, 1,000, or another multiple of 10. Rates involve dividing the number in a subgroup by the number in the total group and multiplying by a specific figure. Most data are presented in percentages, another measure of frequency. A percent is one part in one hundred. To calculate a percentage, divide the number in a subgroup by the number in the total group and multiply the result by 100. Rates and percentages are both useful in comparing the severity of a problem from one geographic area to another or looking at trends over time. Averages of figures for certain periods of time have been used when annual data are unavailable for the majority of *municipios*.

Below is a list of the 15 indicators included in the *2010 KIDS COUNT – Puerto Rico Data Book* in the order that they appear. Among the 15 are nine indicators used by the *KIDS COUNT National Data Book* as the KIDS COUNT Key Indicators of Child Well-Being, identified with an asterisk (*). All indicators are provided with the hope that Puerto Rico's future data books will be able to include these data.

Estimated Population Under 18 is the estimated number of people under 18 years of age living in a specific geographic area.

Source: NCLR calculation using U.S. Census Bureau, "Puerto Rico Municipio Population Estimates by Age and Sex, Selected Age Groups." U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Washington, DC, 2009, <http://www.census.gov/popest/datasets.html> (accessed April 12, 2010).

***Low-Birth-Weight Babies** is the number or share of live births weighing less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds). The data are reported by the mother's place of residence, not the place of birth.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

Preterm Births is the number or share of babies born to women who had completed less than 37 weeks of pregnancy at the moment of giving birth. The data are reported by the mother's place of residence, not the place of birth.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

Cesarean Births is the number or share of babies born to women through cesarean birth. Cesarean birth is the birth of a baby through surgical incisions made in the abdomen and uterus.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

***Infant Mortality Rate** (deaths per 1,000 live births) is the number of deaths occurring among infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births. The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place of death.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

***Child Death Rate** (deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14) is the number of deaths among children between ages one and 14 from all causes per 100,000 children in this age group. The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place of death.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

***Teen Death Rate** (deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15–19) is the number of deaths from all causes among teens between ages 15 and 19 per 100,000 teens in this age group. The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place of death.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

***Teen Birth Rate** (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19) is the number of births to teenagers between ages 15 and 19 per 1,000 females in this age group. The data are reported by the mother’s place of residence, not the place of the birth.

Source: Data obtained from Puerto Rico Department of Health, Mothers, Children, and Adolescents Division.

***Teens Who Are High School Dropouts** (ages 16–19) is the number or share of teenagers between ages 16 and 19 who are not enrolled in school and are not high school graduates. Those who have a GED or equivalent are included as high school graduates in this measure. The measure used here is defined as a status dropout rate. Inclusion of the population living in group quarters from the American Community Survey in the current year could have a noticeable impact on the universe population for this age group. Therefore, current American Community Survey estimates might not be fully comparable to estimates prior to 2006.

Source: NCLR calculation using U.S. Census Bureau, “B14005 Sex by School Enrollment by Educational Attainment by Employment Status for the Population 16 to 19 Years: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009, <http://factfinder.census.gov> (accessed April 12, 2010).

***Teens Not Attending School and Not Working** (ages 16–19) is the number or share of teenagers between ages 16 and 19 who are not enrolled in school (full-time or part-time) and not employed (full-time or part-time). This measure is sometimes referred to as “Idle Teens” or “Disconnected Youth.” Inclusion of the population living in group quarters from the American Community Survey in the current year could have a noticeable impact on the universe population for this age group. Therefore, current American Community Survey estimates might not be fully comparable to estimates prior to 2006.

Source: NCLR calculation using U.S. Census Bureau, “B14005 Sex by School Enrollment by Educational Attainment by Employment Status for the Population 16 to 19 Years: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009, <http://factfinder.census.gov> (accessed April 12, 2010).

Children Who Received Public Assistance in the Past 12 Months is the number or share of children under age 18 who were living in families receiving supplemental security income (SSI), cash public assistance income, or food stamps in the past 12 months.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, “B09010 Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Cash Assistance Income, or Food Stamps in the Past 12 Months by Household Type for Children under 18 Years in Households: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009.

Median Family Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars) is the dollar amount that divides families’ income distribution into two equal groups—half with incomes above the median and half with incomes below the median. The numbers include only families with their “own children” under age 18, defined as never-married children who are related to the family head by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, “B19125 Median Family Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2008 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars) by Presence of Own Children under 18 years: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009.

***Children in Poverty** (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008) is the number or share of children under age 18 who live in families with incomes below 100% of the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the White House Office of Management and Budget. The federal poverty definition consists of a series of thresholds based on family size and composition and is updated every year to account for inflation. In 2008, a family of two adults and two children were categorized as living in poverty if their annual income fell below \$21,834. Poverty status is not determined for people living in group quarters, such as military barracks, prisons, and other institutional quarters, or for unrelated individuals under age 15 (such as foster children).

The data are based on income received in the 12 months prior to the survey.

Source: NCLR calculation using U.S. Census Bureau, “B17001 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex by Age: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009, <http://factfinder.census.gov> (accessed April 12, 2010).

***Children in Single-Parent Families** is the number or share of children under age 18 who live with their own single parent, either in a family or subfamily. In this definition, single-parent families may include cohabiting couples and do not include children living with married stepparents.

Source: NCLR calculation using U.S. Census Bureau, “B23008 Age of Own Children under 18 Years in Families and Subfamilies by Living Arrangements by Employment Status of Parents: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009, <http://factfinder.census.gov> (accessed April 12, 2010).

Children Living in Female-Headed Households is the number or share of “own children” under 18 years living in the household, headed by a female without a husband present. “Own children” includes never-married persons under age 18 who are the sons or daughters of the heads of the household. The heads’ stepchildren and adopted children are also counted as “own children.”

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, “B09002 Own Children under 18 Years by Family Type and Age: 2006–2008.” *American Community Survey*. Washington, DC, 2009.

Appendix

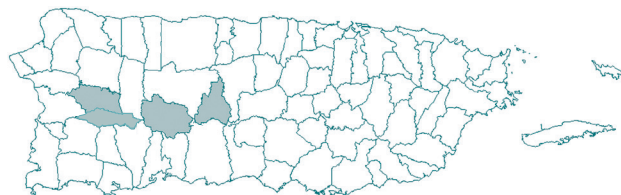
Profiles for Grouped *Municipios*

The data for these individual *municipios* alone are not available due to a small sample size in each *municipio*. However, it is possible to calculate figures if we group these *municipios*. While the data provided in these tables do not tell anything about any particular *municipio* in the group, it is significant to the number or share of the full group of *municipios*.

To calculate the figures for these groups of *municipios*, we used U.S. Census Bureau Public-Use Microdata Samples. The U.S. Census Bureau divides geographies into Super-Public-Use Microdata Areas (Super-PUMAs). Super-PUMAs are simultaneously divided into smaller areas called Public-Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs). Each PUMA is ultimately composed of Public-Use Microdata Samples (PUMS). PUMS are usually composed of a group of *municipios*, even though *municipios* with large populations may constitute a complete PUMS.

To calculate data for *municipios* with a small sample size, consider the data for all *municipios* composing a PUMA. Then subtract the data of the *municipios* for which the U.S. Census Bureau has published data from the total PUMA data. The result will represent the events of all of the *municipios* with small sample sizes.

Adjuntas, Jayuya, Las Marías, and Maricao



Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	10,352		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	8,146	55.5%	416,627	41.7%
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	6,186	84.4%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	3,604	30.5%	311,007	38.8%

Ceiba, Culebra, and Vieques



Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	4,009		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	3,446	45.9%	416,627	41.7%
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,694	54.3%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,476	41.4%	311,007	38.8%

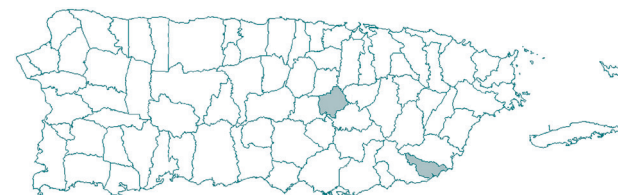
* See Appendix

n.a. - Data not available

 Data cannot be calculated

Comerío and Manabo

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	5,226		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	4,507	54.5%	416,627	41.7%
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	2,998	39.5%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,524	39.2%	311,007	38.8%



Hormigueros and Rincón

Key Indicators	Period	Municipio		Puerto Rico	
		Number	Percent/Rate	Number	Percent/Rate
Children in poverty (income below \$21,834 for a family of two adults and two children in 2008)	2006–2008	3,619		545,485	56.0%
Children who received public assistance in the past 12 months	2006–2008	2,589	34.6%	416,627	41.7%
Children in single-parent families	2006–2008	3,535	53.0%	454,954	49.7%
Children in female-headed households	2006–2008	2,562	43.2%	311,007	38.8%



* See Appendix n.a. - Data not available Data cannot be calculated

Notes

